LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

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THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Showers to-night; Tuesday fair and cooler; fresh westerly winds.

High water: 2:34 a. m., 12:58 p. m.

NEWPORT "RAFFLES" GETS A BIG HAUL

MRS. FLAGLER ROBBED OF $30,000

MRS. HENRY M. FLAGLER, ROBBED OF $30,000 AT NEWPORT.

Wife of Millionaire Loses Chatelaine Bag Containing Fortune, and Society Is Stirred to Its Depths — Strange Thefts Recently Amount to More Than $300,000.

Special to the Boston American.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 12.—The cottage settlement was thrown into consternation to-day by the news that Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, the young and beautiful wife of the millionaire, had been robbed of money and jewels amounting to $30,000.

This sensational theft coming so soon upon the heels of the Mrs. Ogden jewel robbery has caused an unprecedented fever of excitement throughout the select social set of this aristocratic resort.

The belief is growing here that this robbery, as well as the many others, which have aggregated more than $300,000 within the last two years here, is the work of a veritable woman "Raffles."

MEMBER OF A GOOD FAMILY.

It is declared that the residents of Newport have a well defined idea of who the woman is. It is said that she is rich and a member of a good family, and because of this, her action is ascribed to an attack of kleptomania.

Victims of this young woman, it is whispered about here, have sealed their lips as to her identity upon the return of the stolen gems, which it is believed has been accomplished in nearly every instance.

Chief of Police Richards was asked to-day about the robbery. He refused to say a word about it. He would not admit that such a robbery had occurred, or that he had been asked to take any action in the matter.

One of the remarkable features of the case is that Mrs. Flagler has been assured that her jewelry and money will be returned to her. Who gave her this assurance or the details of the return is not known generally. But it is known that in most of the former robberies here similar assurances were given.

OCCURRED AT LAWN PARTY.

Mrs. Flagler, whose coming here created much social gossip because some of the members of the exclusive social set did not show a disposition to welcome her, attended a lawn fete, and while there the robbery occurred.

Mrs. Flagler's gold chain chatelaine was snapped from her belt. The bag contained five $1,000 bills, eight $100 bills, about $200 in smaller bills, two drafts on New York for $10,000 and a long neck chain set with thirty sapphires and diamonds, valued at $4,000. Mrs. Flagler had worn the necklace on leaving her rooms, but it caught on the carriage door and broke. Then she placed it in the chatelaine.

Mrs. Flagler ate luncheon at a table on the lawn and later mingled with a crowd of fashionably dressed women and men at the boathouse, where chances were sold in lotteries for the raffle of various goods, being a genuine piece of charity, for which the lawn fete was given. Mrs. Flagler bought many chances, going for them each time. She had purchased a score or more of tickets when she reached for her purse to pay for still more chances. To her horror she discovered that her bag was gone.

ORGANIZE FO RPROTECTION.

The victim of the latest Newport robbery mystery was before her marriage Miss Mary Lily Kenan, — Wilmington, N. C. She was married to Mr. Flagler after he had obtained a divorce from his former wife.

As a result of the colossal robberies that have occurred here, it has just been learned that a well-known detective agency has been trying to organize a protective association here something like the Bunkers' Association.

Losses of jewels reported in the last two seasons have aggregated $300,000, part of which have been returned. Were all the losses known they would probably would be twice as large. This is a greater loss than has been sustained by the banks in the American Protective Association in several years.

LOST $308,000 IN GEMS.

The most recent losses are as follows:

Mrs. Barney, jewels stolen in New York and Newport, $10,000.

Mrs. Herman Oelrichs has lost jewels valued at $25,000.

Mrs. John R. Drexel, jewels stolen, $20,000.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones, lost from a necklace valued at $300,000 a single stone worth $10,000.

Mrs. William E. Carter has lost a single diamond valued at $1,000.

Mrs. Ogden Goelet, on June 25, lost a number of pieces of jewelry, valued at $250,000.

Mrs. Perry Belmont lost a diamond valued at $5,000.

Mrs. Joseph Widener lost, last week, at Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish's ball, a diamond with a sapphire valued at $5,000.

Mrs. Goelet's jewels were mysteriously returned.

Mrs. Perry Belmont subsequently found her $5,000 diamond.

Mrs. Widener's loss was reported to Mr. Pinkerton, who offered $500 reward for the jewel's return. It was found on Saturday last in Belleview avenue by a waiter. As much mystery has attached to the manner in which many of these jewels have been returned as to the manner in which they had been stolen. The piece belonging to Mrs. Widener was found in a crowded street, thronged with men and women and over which hundreds of trap and automobiles were passing constantly.

CHAMPS WILL FIGHT HARD TO WIN TWICE

COLLINS'S BOYS IN FORM FOR THE DOUBLE-HEADER IN SLOWTOWN.

BATTING ORDER.

BOSTON.	PHILADELPHIA.
Selbach, l. f.	Hartsel, l. f.
Parent, s. s.	Pickering, c. f.
Stahl, c. f.	Noonan, 1b.
Collins, 2b.	L. Cross, 3b.
Freeman, r. f.	Seybold, r. f.
Lachance, 1b.	Murphy, 2b.
Ferris, 2b.	M. Cross, s.s.
Farrell, s.	Schreck, c.
Tannehill, p	Bender, p.

Umpire—Connolly.

BY A. H. C. MITCHELL,

(Boston American Staff Correspondent With the Team.)

COLUMBIA BALL PARK, Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—Seldom have two ball teams met under better conditions than those which marked the second day of battling between the Athletics and Boston Champs this afternoon. The sun was smiling down sweetly when Umpire Connolly shouted "play ball!"

Then all the fans, and there was a big number of them, set back in their seats prepared to see one of the smartest double-headers ever pulled off in this city. It is seldom that the Quakers get a chance to see two ball teams, which are battling for the leading positions, play two games for one admission.

Bargain day under such conditions is enough to attract the biggest kind of a crowd. Well, that was what happened this afternoon, and before the first game started nearly every seat in the park was filled.

Owner Taylor sat back in the grand stand with all his attention fixed upon the outcome of this pair of games. He wants his team to have the lead when they re

Continued on 5th Page, 1st Column.

KUROPATKIN IN FRESH FLIGHT FROM MUKDEN

LONDON, Sept. 12.—In spite of the Czar's order that the Russian retreat be stopped, Kuropatkin's legions are again fleeing from the foe.

A dispatch to-day at St. Petersburg says that Kuropatkin's army has again taken up its retreat north. The troops are hurrying toward Tie-Ling, as a result, it is believed, of renewed activity Friday and Saturday by the Japanese southeast of Mukden.

A dispatch to the Echo de Paris from St. Petersburg says that General Kuropatkin has telegraphed to the Czar that, notwithstanding the terrible weather, the Japanese are advancing and have established a camp fourteen miles from Mukden.

The minister of war has been advised that two Japanese divisions are approaching Mukden from the northwest and that two are marching upon the Tie Pass from the east.

BEATEN BACK WITH HEAVY LOSS

In accordance with the Czar's command, that Kuropatkin stop the retreat and attempt the recapture of Liao-Yang, the Russian army at Mukden is believed to have turned south only to meet a fierce attack by the Japanese five miles southeast of the city. The dispatch announcing the fighting says

"The whole Russian line when about five miles southeast of Mukden was attacked by Japanese, who were concealed in the outlier. The Russians replied with heavy loss."

It is held here that Kuropatkin not only sees the danger of an effort to follow the Czar's orders, but has reached the final conclusion that to remain at Mukden will only bring new disaster to the standards of Russia. It is believed that the retreat will continue until the army is at Tie-Ling, forty miles north of the second base, but whether followed by the Japanese is a question still to be cleared.

TO SEND NEW ARMY.

The bloody and bloody retreat of the Russians has resulted in Minister Sakharoff recommending the sending of 350,000 additional troops to the Far East, the sailing of the Baltic fleet for the seat of war and the resignation of Viceroy Alexieff.

The Baltic fleet is in command of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky. The vessels of the fleet consist of

Battleships—Souvaroff (flag ship), Navarin, Sissoi Veliky, Borodino, Alexander III., Orel, Oleg and Oslabia (flag ship).

Cruisers—Admiral Nakhimoff, Dimitri Donskoi, Aurora and Almaz (flag ship).

Several torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers.

Twelve transports, colliers and supply ships.

Rear Admiral Voelkersam is second in command, and Rear Admiral Enquist third in rank.

The fleet will merely touch at Libau, where it will be joined by twelve transports, colliers and supply ships already waiting there, and will then proceed direct to the Orient.

According to the latest dispatches, the Japanese have planned for another grand assault on Port Arthur to-morrow, in which they intend to make heroic efforts to carry it by storm.

WOMAN HIT 'CRAZY BONE'; IS PARALYZED

Peculiar Accident to Mrs. F. L. Tirrell, of Everett, With Serious Results.

IS DAUGHTER OF ACTOR

Mrs. F. L. Tirrell of No. 15 Reed avenue, Everett, is suffering from paralysis, caused by striking her "crazy bone" on the balustrade of the stairway in her home last night.

She was so overcome by the blow on her elbow that she fainted when she reached the head of the stairs.

Members of the family saw her when her arm was injured, but thought nothing of it until they saw her fall upon the floor.

They quickly summoned Dr. Belle D. Curtis, of Broadway, Everett, when they saw that she was unconscious. The doctor pronounced her in serious danger as the nerve centres of her brain had been temporarily paralyzed by the blow.

Mrs. Tirrell, who is recovering slowly, is about thirty four years old, and a daughter of Jacques Kruger, the actor, who was with the "Peggy from Paris" company last

ATLANTIC FIRST HOME IN LONG OCEAN RACE

CONTEST FOR FAMOUS CAPE MAY CUP ENDS AT SANDY HOOK LIGHTSHIP.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Two of the three they had finished schooner yachts that started in the ocean race for the Cape May cup on Saturday, finished at Sandy Hook lightship early this morning. Up to a late hour the third, the Vergmere, has not been sighted. The haze of the early morning prevented the boats from being sighted from shore until after

The Atlantic was the first to break through the haze, she was seen crossing the bar at 5:45 o'clock and passed in at 6 o'clock. The yacht Endymion passed up by Sandy Hook a half hour later. As the competitors were to finish when the Sandy Hook lightship bore due east, it is evident that the Atlantic is the winner.

STEERAGE TO QUEBEC $10

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 12.—The Allen, Dominion and Canadian Pacific steamship lines have reduced their steerage rates into effect from London or Liverpool to Quebec from $15 to $10.

The new rate, which will become effective in October, is regarded as an indication of the probable failure of the peace negotiations between the Cunard and the continental lines.

JAMES LOWTHER, M. P., DEAD.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The Right Hon. James Lowther, Member of Parliament from Kent, Thanet, since 1888, and a well known sportsman, is dead. He was the oldest of the prominent British Conservative

FEDERATION OF LABOR IN SESSION, WILL TAKE UP FALL RIVER STRIKE

MEN WHO HAVE GROWN RICH IN TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

JOHN D. FLINT.

THOMAS E. BRAYTON.

M. C. D. BORDEN.

M. D. BORDEN.

ASSURANCES OF SUPPORT FREELY GIVEN

Textile Operators' Case Will Be Taken Up Early in the Session, Notice Says.

GOMPERS WILL ATTEND

Special to the Boston American.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 12—In a letter to General President Golden, T. W. of A.; Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, says:

"The American Federation of Labor goes into session at Washington at 10 a. m., Monday to-day and as quickly thereafter as possible the Fall River strike will be taken up. Gompers will be present. Depend upon us to do all in our power in co-operation with your efforts toward assisting the Fall River strikers."

SCHOOLS OPEN ON WEDNESDAY WITH 92,000

Largest Registration in the History of Boston's Department.

NEW BUILDINGS ARE READY

Boston's public schools will open Wednesday with an attendance of 92,000 pupils and this number is the largest in the history of the city.

All of this number will be housed, and in the North End districts the portable schoolhouses have been erected in anticipation of crowding.

All of the new buildings scheduled to be opened with the beginning of the Fall term are ready for occupancy, and will relieve the congested conditions that existed last year. Several others will not be completed until January.

Superintendent Conley was a busy man to-day and a long line of school teachers and parents filled the halls of school headquarters on Mason street. They had been there for an hour before the new superintendent put in his appearance and it was well into the afternoon before the numbers diminished.

Now Registration Record.

"Everything is going on smoothly," said Superintendent Conley to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter. "We expect the largest registration we ever had and the best of it all is that everyone of these pupils will have room.

"There may be a little crowding in the North End district, but the North Bennet Street School, I think, will be able to take care of the children now using the portable schoolhouses. I want to say that I am decidedly pleased with the way matters are going. We have the best force of teachers we ever had. There are many new teachers, all of whom have had experience, whereby will find the schools working in excellent condition.

MILLIONAIRE MILL MEN OF FALL RIVER

In the great battle for industrial equity, as against industrial supremacy, now in progress between nearly 30,000 cotton mill operatives and the big factories embraced in the Manufacturers' Association of Fall River, much depends upon the men on either side.

Of those at the head of the unions, on whose judgment shareholders is falling, the brunt of the great struggle for a living wage in the Spindle City, much has been written. Readers of the newspapers know who they are, what they look like, how they talk, and what their method of action is. Of the men who, on the other hand, comprise the Manufacturers' Association, neither those at the head of the mills nor those are revolting, little has been written.

The Manufacturers' Association, the governing body of the strike so far as the employers are concerned, is composed of the treasurers of the mills whose operatives are out. These, although the highest salaried of mill officials, and in many cases principal owners of the plants, are by no means the entire body which is actually lined up in the battle against the operatives.

Under Family Control.

Out of the mills on strike but one, the Durfee Mills, is a closed family corporation, in which it is impossible for anyone outside the family circle to secure stock. But there are several whose shares are confined to a very few who are close family corporations to all intents and purposes. And then there are others represented by hundreds of small shareholders in addition to the several families of the city.

Fall River is not an extremely wealthy city. In the average of its men and women of means. There are only a half-dozen millionaires. But there are many men whose fortunes may be counted at from $50,000 to $800,000, and those are the men who are the real owners of most of the cotton companies.

Also, as they so-called "Hill people"—Fall River's aristocracy—getting their name from the Hill district, where many of them, on the high hill on the east side of the city. Some of whom live actually on hill, which gain their livelihood from mill salaries and dividends from small diversified holdings in the mills of the Fall River mills.

In addition to these, there are a number scattered stockholders whose holdings—from one to ten shares each—do not affect either the business direction or the policy of mills to which they are interested.

J. S. Brayton Richest.

The wealthiest of all the men of Fall River is probably John S. Brayton, president of the First National Bank, a million-aire, president of ten local mills and director and owner in perhaps fifteen large corporations. His wealth was mainly inherited.

Thomas E. Brayton, treasurer of the Troy Cotton and Woolen Manufacturing Company, director in the First National Bank, is a millionaire in his own right. He is the head of the so-called Brayton interest, which is said to include as a certain broker.

David A. Brayton, Jr., is treasurer of the Durfee Mills, a private corporation, owned by the Brayton family exclusively. His father, David A. Brayton, Sr., was one of Fall River's oldest manufacturers.

Richard B. Borden, treasurer of the Troy Cotton and Woolen Manufacturing Company, is a director in a large number of corporations. One of the richest men in the city, he is a son of the late Colonel Richard Borden, founder of the industry here, and a brother of M. C. D. Borden, of New York, owner of the "Fruit Works" plant and American Print Works of Fall River.

Dr. Robert T. Davis, president of the Home Market Club, and also of the Algonquin Printing Company and other corporations, is an ex-congressman, retired physician and owner of the Davis Yarn Spinning Co. Most of his wealth was gleaned from local factories.

James P. Osborn, treasurer of the Merchants' Mill and American Linen Company, is one of the younger generation. His annual income is said to be invested in the mills. He was a successful cotton broker and a member of the firm of Osborn & Morris.

Jerome C. Borden, president of the Barnaby Manufacturing Company and Tecumseh Mills, and director in many mills, is senior member of the firm of Cook, Borden & Co., lumber dealers.

John C. Milne, of the Fall River Daily News, is a large owner of mill stock and president of the Citizens' Savings Bank.

Flint Self-Made.

John D. Flint, president of the Flint mills and director in many others, is self-made and one of the very richest men in the city. He laid the foundation of his fortune in the furniture business and increased by investment in real estate and mills. He is the largest holder of real estate in the city and one of Fall River's most widely known charitable men.

Edward L. Anthony, one of the Brayton group, treasurer of the Border City mills, is very rich in mill stock and realty.

Leontine Lincoln, head of Kilburn, Lincoln & Co., manufacturers of cotton machinery, is president of four corporations and a heavy owner in many others. He is also prominent in State politics.

Sarah Brayton, sister to John S. Brayton, one of the heirs of the Mary B. Young estate, is worth millions, mostly invested in mills.

H. H. Cornell, director in the Cornell mills and large owner in the Hargraves, Parker, Davis and Arkwright mills, got his start from the beef business with Swift & Co. He has 1,000 tenements.

John H. Estes, owner of the Estes mill, not in the strike, is director in many mills and a heavy realty owner.

The George Hawes estate, the Harley, Davol, Stevens and A. S. Tripp estates, each one of them large, all consist mainly of mill property.

Charles M. Shore, treasurer of the Granite mills and president of the Massasoit-Pocasett Bank, inherited much wealth from his father, organizer of that corporation.

Joseph A. Brown, coal dealer, is very rich in mill property.

William Beattie, quarryman, owns large in the Sagamore mills and others and is very wealthy.

Seth A. Borden, William H. Jennings, Ed. B. Jennings, Hezekiah Brayton, Simeon B. Chace and Thomas D. Tuvel are reckoned among the rich men of the town.

FEVERISH TONE IN THE MARKET

Prices of stocks moved in a feverish manner to-day. In the Boston market, Utah Consolidated was driven down 1 per cent. by the bears, while Tamarack on the other hand was pushed up 4 per cent., and Copper Range moved up 1¼ per cent. Quincy gained 1½.

Miscellaneous issues were strong as a rule. In Massachusetts Electric there was a fractional recovery from the recent low level. American Telephone continued to be bought by investment houses.

Wall street dealings were essentially professional, with prices erratic.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	Last.
Adventure		12¾
Allouez	12⅞	12⅞
Amalgamated	56¾	56¾
Am. Ag. Ch.	14	14
Am. Ag. Ch., preferred	81	81
American Zinc	140	140¾
Arcadian	14	14
Atlantic	25¾	25¾
American Woolen preferred	87¼	87¼
Bingham	14	14
Bonanza	82¼	82¼
Boston & Albany	258	258
Boston Elevated	154	154
Boston & Lowell	240	240
Centennial	28	28
Copper Range	75¼	76½
Daly-West	15	15
Dominion Coal preferred	120	120
Dominion Coal	27	27
Franklin	17¼	17¼
Granby	90	90
Mass. Electric	11¼	11¼
Mass. Electric pref.	49¼	49¼
Mohawk	47¾	47¾
New England Tel.	104¾	104¾
North Butte	30	30
Old Colony	205	205
Old Dominion	25¾	25¾
Osceola	75	75
Parrot	43	43
Pond Creek	43	43
Reece Button Hole	8¾	8¾
Tamarack	75	79
Trinity	14¾	14¾
United States Steel	15¾	15¾
United States Steel pref.	75¼	75¼
United Fruit	107	107
U. S. Mining	30¾	30¾
Union Pacific	106¾	106¾
Utah	42¾	43¼
Victoria	3¼	3¼
Western Tel. pref.	80	80
Wolverine	45	45
Wyandotte	17¾	17¾

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Last.	Ch'ge.
Amalgamated Copper	59¾	
American Car & Foundry	29¾	
American Locomotive	35¾	
American Smelting	45¾	
American Sugar	131¾	
Anaconda	38	
Atchison	82¾	
Baltimore & Ohio	102¾	
Brooklyn Transit	70¾	
Canadian Pacific	142¾	
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¾	
Chicago & Alton	37	
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	166¾	
Delaware & Hudson	168¾	
Erie	40¾	
Erie 1st pref.	68	
Erie 2d pref.	53¾	
General Electric	174¾	
Illinois Central	142¾	
Manhattan Elevated	137	
Missouri Pacific	97¾	
National Lead	19¾	
New York Central	130	
Norfolk & Western	49¾	
Northern Pacific	180¾	
Northwestern	190¾	
Pennsylvania	132¾	
People's Gas	98¾	
Reading	68¾	
Rock Island	20	
Southern Pacific	57¾	
Southern Railway	27¾	
Texas Pacific	32¾	
Union Pacific	106¾	
Union Pacific preferred	90¾	
U. S. Leather	7¾	
U. S. Leather preferred	81¾	
U. S. Rubber	15¾	
U. S. Steel preferred	90¾	
Wabash	21¾	
Western Union	91¾	

HOAR GROWS WEAKER; DEATH NEAR AT HAND

Semi-Conscious for Nearly a Week, No Hope for the Senator.

IS SINKING INTO COMA

WORCESTER, Sept. 12—The heroic fight for life made by the venerable Senator George Frisbie Hoar, it is believed, is nearly over.

For five days the beloved statesman has lain in a semi-conscious state, the only change in his condition being a continually increasing weakness.

Every effort is felt by the relatives and friends who have watched over him so solicitously that the end is at hand.

The bulletin issued at noon told out no hope. It read:

"The Senator has had as comfortable a night as could be expected, and there is no material change in his condition. He is resting quietly now."

Many Special Prayers.

In all of the churches of Worcester and the country round about special prayers were made yesterday for the aged man. Prayer services were held last night at which supplications were offered in behalf of the Senator.

Senator Hoar's fight against death has been remarkable. He has been sick since August 3. August 29th he passed his seventy-eighth birthday anniversary. He has amazed friends who long ago gave up hope of the Senator's survival.

The illness of the Senator was ascribed to heart trouble, which was complicated with what is called Washington malaria. He had been troubled with it for several weeks during the last session of Congress and was compelled to keep to his bed some time. After his return to Massachusetts he made some open-air addresses and there was a recurrence of the illness. He took to his bed, but for a time he improved, and he displayed a wonderful vitality. It was thought that he would pull through.

SON AT HIS BEDSIDE.

Dr. Warren R. Gilman has had charge of the distinguished patient. Rockwood Hoar, the only son of the Senator, has been at his father's bedside throughout almost his entire illness, as has his daughter, Miss Mary Hoar. At times he has been allowed to see his little grand-child Rockwood, after whom he has asked nearly every day.

One of the Senator's visitors since his illness was the Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale. The two old friends, who have been referred to as the two "grand old men of Massachusetts," had a twenty-minute chat. Both enjoyed it very much.

In speaking of the meeting afterward to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, Dr. Hale said:

"There was no gloom in our meeting. It was not the talk of men who expect never to see one another again. There was nothing said in the nature of a farewell."

NO GLOOMY DISCUSSION.

"I have known Senator Hoar fifty-four years. We have been warm friends all that time. I was glad to visit him. But our talk consisted of nothing that might not be said by any two such old friends meeting when one lay in bed with a slight illness hoping to be around again."

MISSED FOOTING ON A BRIDGE; FALLS, DIES

Accidental death was the decision arrived at by the medical examiner after investigating the circumstances surrounding the death of Michael Mahoney, of Milton street, East Dedham.

Mahoney, crossing the bridge near the Endicott station of the Consolidated road at Dedham, lost his footing and fell to the road, breaking his neck. Death was instantaneous.

HOUSES PILLAGED; MANY HURT IN JEWISH RIOTS

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 12—Anti-Semitic rioting took place at Rovno, Volhynia, September 4, during which many persons were injured and shops pillaged.

A similar outbreak occurred at Sosia, Kief, where the troops were called out. Ninety-eight houses and 145 shops were pillaged, and several persons were seriously wounded by the troops.

HAMMER FORTRESS FOR 10 DAYS

easeless Cannonade by Japs on the Defences at Port Arthur.

GARRISON IS WEAKENING

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Reports of renewed activity at Port Arthur have been received from Chefoo.

The story of the past ten days is one of bombardments, outpost clashes and reconnoitring expeditions. The bombardments of the Paltchung fort, which is only 200 yards from Ithlungshan, are frequent. The Russians are trying desperately to retard the further strengthening of this position. Russian guns on a position known as Rock Redoubt fired almost ceaselessly on the two forts at Paltchung.

The Japanese intrenchments line the hills in every direction, and re-enforcements are constantly arriving from Port Dalny.

The Russians on September 4 shelled the Japanese covered trenches in front of Paltchung and destroyed them. One small Russian scouting party succeeded in creeping close to the Japanese intrenchments on Corner mountain, but the barking of dogs gave the alarm and prevented a further advance. On September 6 a small body of Japanese troops captured some outpost trenches on High Hill, which is not far from Corner mountain, but upon the approach of a Russian detachment they retired.

The Port Arthur Novi Krai of September 12 says a Japanese torpedo boat struck a mine fourteen miles southeast of the harbor and sank, and that on the day after the Japanese cruiser Itsukushima also was damaged by a floating mine.

A Chinese who left Port Arthur September 6 says that the Japanese are using, with great success, an armship, which he describes as cigar-shaped with a car suspended. The propelling device is so efficient that it is moved at will in making observations directing Japanese operations.

$225,000,000 IN CZAR'S CHEST

LONDON, Sept. 12—Whatever rumors there may be in circulation regarding a new Russian bond issue, and efforts, successful or unsuccessful, to float it, no one need imagine that fluidity of those who control the wealth of the world over or will in any way influence Russia's determination to carry on the last campaign of 1904 by a new one in 1905.

It is true that the last one-fifth of the bond issue of $75,000,000 or of the French bond of $160,000,000 has been touched, and to-day Monsieur Witte has a clear $225,000,000 in the war chest, enough for food for forty-five weeks of fighting at the present rate of cost. There are also considerable sums coming in which have been saved by the stopping of public works in European Russia, and by certain economies in the civil administration of the empire.

Finally, as a last resort, a last device, the possibility of inflating the paper money circulation, which, considering the present relative stability of the gold reserve on hand, can be done with safety.

No matter what the War Offices of the various countries may think, Russia will sooner or later be forced to the conclusion that Port Arthur is lost, and Russia did not get the reputation of being a colossus for nothing.

FLEET WATCHES CZAR'S CRUISER

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 12.—The big auxiliary cruiser Lena, which arrived here Saturday evening, still lies at anchor off the Union Iron Works. Rear Admiral Goodrich's squadron, headed by the cruiser New York, has received orders not to sail for Magdalena Bay, as was planned. No instructions, it is claimed, were given regarding the Lena, but it is certain she is to be closely watched while here.

Captain Berlinsky of the Lena, late Sunday, told the usual visit of courtesy to all of the American vessels. When asked as to his mission here he simply said:

"We are here in obedience to orders of the Russian consul of this port. These orders reached us while in Vladivostok, and we have been coaling for weeks ago.

"Our pace was nearly nineteen knots an hour all the way over. We encountered no storms, but saw a few British coal-carriers, which, however, were nearer the coast than the course we followed.

It is intimated that the mention of three vessels in the orders may have been on the part of the captain that three more vessels are to follow the Lena.

The Russian vessel is anchored about three miles from the Union Iron Works. During the presence of the Lena, Oriental policies, it is said, will be left to the initiative of their cargoes. The resumption of the Japanese mail route, which was planned after the recent naval battles, by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Company.

Manager Hartnett of the Japanese Steamship line mail company in Yokohama to hold the American Mail Steamship Company's pier. The American Mary is now between Shanghai and Nagasaki on her way to this city.

JAP SPIES AT ST. PETERSBURG

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 12.—Two Japanese were arrested here to-day. One of them was found in the Catholic Church and married a Russian woman.

From documents seized at their residence, both are believed to be naval officers acting as spies.

LIAO-YANG JAP LOSSES 17,539

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—A dispatch from Tokio, which has reached the Japanese legation, places the total casualties on the Japanese side at the battle of Liao-Yang at 17,539 officers and men killed and wounded. Of these the army of the right lost 4,906, the army of Oku (Oku's) 4,092, and the left (Nodzu's) 7,081.

The number of officers killed was 156 and the number wounded 464.

FIND DUM DUM'S AT LIAO-YANG

LIAO-YANG, Sept. 12.—Among the vast stores captured by the Japanese after the Russians had evacuated this place was a great quantity of dum-dum bullets, the use of which is forbidden among civilized nations, and placed under the ban by The Hague conference called by Czar Nicholas.

HAMMER FORTRESS FOR 10 DAYS

easeless Cannonade by Japs on the Defences at Port Arthur.

GARRISON IS WEAKENING

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Reports of renewed activity at Port Arthur have been received from Chefoo.

The story of the past ten days is one of bombardments, outpost clashes and reconnoitring expeditions. The bombardments of the Paltchung fort, which is only 200 yards from Ithlungshan, are frequent. The Russians are trying desperately to retard the further strengthening of this position. Russian guns on a position known as Rock Redoubt fired almost ceaselessly on the two forts at Paltchung.

The Japanese intrenchments line the hills in every direction, and re-enforcements are constantly arriving from Port Dalny.

The Russians on September 4 shelled the Japanese covered trenches in front of Paltchung and destroyed them. One small Russian scouting party succeeded in creeping close to the Japanese intrenchments on Corner mountain, but the barking of dogs gave the alarm and prevented a further advance. On September 6 a small body of Japanese troops captured some outpost trenches on High Hill, which is not far from Corner mountain, but upon the approach of a Russian detachment they retired.

The Port Arthur Novi Krai of September 12 says a Japanese torpedo boat struck a mine fourteen miles southeast of the harbor and sank, and that on the day after the Japanese cruiser Itsukushima also was damaged by a floating mine.

A Chinese who left Port Arthur September 6 says that the Japanese are using, with great success, an armship, which he describes as cigar-shaped with a car suspended. The propelling device is so efficient that it is moved at will in making observations directing Japanese operations.

NAN PATTERSON CHEERED IN TOOMBS BY MOLINEUX

NAN PATTERSON

Photographed Expressly for the Boston American.

HOW NAN PATTERSON LOOKS TO-DAY.

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—In the fulness of his experience as the wife of a convict, and later in that of a condemned murderer, Roland B. Molineux, has been visiting "Nan" Patterson in the Tombs and comforting her, and to-day, her twenty-second birthday, he wrote her a congratulatory letter, full of words of cheer and hope. Nan Patterson is accused of the murder of "Cassie" Young, a bookmaker.

Of all the hundreds of letters that Miss Patterson received to-day, this was the one that she valued the most. She said so. She fondled it in her hand while she talked about the sweetness and thoughtfulness of Mr. Molineux and of the high thoughts with which he had inspired her. He told her to look to Heaven for her support and comfort, she said, and had written and spoken other words of cheer and solace.

"It was so nice to write to me," cried the girl. "You know that he has called on me here and has given me great comfort. He knows more than I will ever know of the awful experience of imprisonment with a terrible charge hanging over one's head. He well knows how to sympathize, and he did sympathize and comfort me as a man who had not been through such experience could not do. He counselled me to look to Heaven for my support and guidance, and he uttered brave words of cheer.

"He has been very helpful to me, and I have needed help. It has been so terrible, this imprisonment. I had hopes when Judge Amend said that I might be released on $20,000 bail. But it appeared that none of my relatives or friends had sufficient money to go my bond, and so I was compelled to forego the pleasure to which I had been looking forward with such joy, the passing of my birthday with my mother."

Here Miss Patterson broke down and wept.

MILLIONS FOR MRS. PHIPPS

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 12.—The celebrated Phipps divorce case will probably be settled in Denver to-day. Mrs. Lawrence Phipps and her aunt, Mrs. Chandler, were to arrive there yesterday. Last Thursday they left for Put-in-Bay, Lake Erie, where the four attorneys engaged by Mrs. Phipps held a conference. These were Senator P. C. Knox and James S. Young, of Pittsburg; Platt Rogers and C. W. Watterman, of Denver.

Mr. Phipps is said to have made liberal allowances for his children and for their education, but insisted on cutting down the figures demanded by his wife. It was reported here once that Mrs. Phipps had demanded $3,000,000. At that time she was questioned about it, and laughed when told of the rumor. She said:

"That amount would scarcely buy shoe strings."

Mrs. Phipps left for Denver to sign certain papers necessary to a transfer of property, when this it is implied that Mr. Phipps is to retain possession of his Denver home, which is in his wife's name.

Judge James Reed, who represented Lawrence Phipps, was here last night. He said the case was settled, as far as the Pittsburg attorneys were concerned; that it was now up to the Denver attorneys to conclude the settlement.

The settlement is to remain a secret, according to the wishes of Mr. Phipps. It is intimated that the children, who were originally the cause of estrangement, are to spend their time equally between their father and mother.

Mr. Phipps has changed his life insurance policies, in which his wife was beneficiary, and has made his children the beneficiaries.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Rexall "93" Hair Tonic — GROWS HAIR RESTORES COLOR CURES DANDRUFF. Money back if not satisfied. Sold only at Rexall Agencies.

SHOT WIFE'S ESCORT, IS HELD

In the Lynn Court to-day, George H. Brown, thirty-five, of Salem, who fired three shots, two of which took effect, at Fred Shields of Salem, who was walking with Mrs. Brown at the time, in Lynn yesterday, pleaded not guilty to a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon upon Shields, and the case was continued for a week. Brown was held in $1,000. He did not give bonds.

Shields, who is in the Lynn Hospital with two bullet wounds in his legs, caused by a revolver in the hands of the angry husband, was not able to appear.

Brown declared that Shields robbed him of his wife's affections, and followed the wife and Shields from Salem to Lynn yesterday. When the couple were walking by themselves he fired three shots, two of which took effect.

A crowd gathered, and with cries of "Lynch him, lynch him," surged toward the shooter. The police with drawn clubs held back the crowd.

FEAR DROWNING FOR 2 FAMILIES

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 12.—William A. Robertson and his wife, their daughter, Mrs. E. P. Kolb, and her husband, who left this city Thursday afternoon in a 38-foot naphtha launch, intending to go to Oyster Bay, L. I., it is feared, have been lost.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels and Purify the Blood.

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HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

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MAINE CASTS A VERY LIGHT VOTE TO-DAY

Unfavorable Weather Scares Republican Leaders, Who Want Big Plurality.

DEMOCRATS VERY ACTIVE

Special to the Boston American.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 12.—Unfavorable weather condition is the contention raised this afternoon by Republican party managers for the unusually light vote being cast throughout this State to-day.

An effort has been underway for several weeks to have to-day's showing the most comprehensive in the history of State politics as far as rolling up a large Republican plurality was concerned, but the lack of voters at the polls, to the noon day hour, made this boast unpromising and before the polls close this evening it was officially announced at both Republican and Democratic headquarters that the vote this year would be the lightest cast in twelve years.

The Democrats are fighting to reduce the Republican plurality of 1900. It was 33,384. The Republicans hope to sweep the State by no less figure. They fear if the plurality is cut at all the floating vote in other States will think Judge Parker a sure winner and make for the Democratic band wagon. Although Democratic leaders say that the election of their candidate, Cyrus W. Davis, is not an impossibility, the common belief is that William T. Cobb will be elected Governor; that the Republicans will re-elect the entire congressional delegation, a sheriff in every one of the sixteen counties and control the next Legislature.

Battle Over Plurality.

The battle really is over the size of Cobb's plurality. Both parties have made the utmost effort to get followers to the polls. Although speakers who have toured the State during the campaign, which did not begin until August, are among the ablest national orators, meetings have not been largely attended as a rule. But universal interest is taken in Maine in the election. Each side accuses the other of spending large sums of money. There is anxiety over the result of Maine voting in the national headquarters of both parties. Apprehension on the part of the G. O. P. leaders is plain. Chairman Cortelyou says he will not be disappointed if Cobb wins by 12,000 only. In Maine the G. O. P. leaders say his plurality will be from 15,000 to 25,000. The Governorship vote in the last six presidential years was:

Year.	Republican.		Democrat.		Republican plurality.
1880	Davis	73,544	Plaisted	73,713	*169
1884	Robie	78,318	Redman	58,501	19,817
1888	Burleigh	79,401	Putnam	61,348	18,053
1892	Cleaves	67,900	Johnson	55,397	12,503
1896	Powers	82,596	Frank	34,350	48,246
1900	Hill	73,470	Lord	40,086	33,384

*Democratic plurality.

In private Republican leaders here admit that there is going to be a falling off in the Republican vote. Congressman Burleigh says the Cobb plurality will be 12,000 to 15,000. Congressman Powers and Chairman Simpson put it at 15,000 to 18,000. Democratic campaign managers are shy about making any forecast.

TWO FISHERMEN SLAYERS OF KIRBY, DEFENCE CLAIMS

MISS SARA SHERMAN, WITNESS, AND FOREMAN H. F. DAVIS, OF JURY.

Combat the Theory That Snell Had "Exclusive Opportunity" For Crime.

NEW BEDFORD, Sept. 12.—Testimony that will point toward two fishermen of the mackerel fleet as being the murderers of Tillinghast Kirby will be one of the sensational features of the defence that will be made in behalf of Angles Snell, now on trial for the crime.

In his prosecution of the case, Attorney-General Parker's strongest point has been that Snell had what is known in legal phraseology as "exclusive opportunity" to commit the murder.

The introduction of the evidence to show that there were fishermen in the vicinity of the spot where the man was done to death, the defence declares, will nullify the chief contention of the prosecution.

Hugo Dubuque, the attorney for the prisoner, in discussing this phase of the case to-day, said:

MACKEREL FLEET NEAR BY.

"There was not an exclusive opportunity for Snell to commit the crime. If there was a crime committed there were others who could have done it. It will be shown that there were members of a mackerel fleet near the spot where it is claimed the old man met his death. That disposes of the exclusive opportunity feature of the prosecution."

It is expected that this murder trial, which is attracting more than ordinary attention because of the great mystery that shrouds it and the fact that the attorney-general of the State has considered it of so much moment that he is conducting the prosecution in person, will reach the jury by Thursday.

The defence will be begun to-morrow. Among the ten witnesses whom the prosecution expects to call is Uriah G. Pearce. An attempt was made last week to have his testimony admitted, but it was excluded after a wordy war between the opposing counsel.

SAYS HE TRIED TO BRIBE.

Pearce tells a story to the effect that Snell tried to bribe him to enter into a plot do away with Burden Head in a way similar to that by which Kirby met his death.

Lawyer Dubuque said to-day that the defence would contest the admittance of Pearce's testimony on the ground that the motives were entirely different in plots against Head and Kirby; that the testimony is irrelevant, and that no connection between it and the alleged crime can be established.

The testimony of Miss Sadie Sherman, Snell's former fiancee, was admitted on this point. Attorney General Parker asked the woman suddenly when she was on the stand:

THREATS REPEATED.

"What threats did Snell make to you about Burden Head and yourself?"

"He said," the woman replied, in a trembling voice, "that if I did not leave Burden Head's home he would come at the dead of night, and after knocking both of us over the heads with a club, would set fire to the house and burn us within it."

Justices Aiken and Schofield have cautioned the jury not to read the daily papers, lest they be influenced by the articles on the Snell trial, and they are not permitted even to converse among themselves.

To vary the monotony of the individual life of the jury the jury yesterday attended the First Christian Church in a body and heard the morning discourse of the Rev. Mr. McAllister. In it he refrained from touching upon the Snell tragedy in even the slightest manner.

In the afternoon the jury were the guests of the justices upon the State boat Lexington and enjoyed a cruise on the bay, returning to the Parker House in time for dinner. They then retired to their rooms and were "locked up" for the night.

Brother Visits Snell.

Snell was visited in his cell Sunday afternoon by his brother, Horace Snell, of Boston. Snell was greatly cheered by his brother's presence, and confided to him that he was confident of acquittal.

Opposed to Attorney-General Parker is Hugo Dubuque, chief counsel for the accused, and a man known for his fighting qualities and marked ability as a cross-examiner. Throughout the trial his cross-examination has been of a masterly order, and his persistency is shown in the manner in which he contests every point that may be scored by the prosecution.

Mr. Parker and Mr. Dubuque present a study in contrasts. The Attorney-General is slim and angular. His legal skill has been shown more than once in the adroit questioning of witnesses. Frequently his sarcastic inferences pass over the heads

Uriah G. Pearce Regarded as Most Important Witness of State.

of those to whom they are addressed.

Dubuque, on the other hand, is short and dark and stocky, bearded like a Falstaff, with a bit of his bully-ragging and bluster, but as stalwart and determined in the winning of his contention as any of his ancestors who went down in the last ditch at Poitiers or rode rough shod over the enemy at Austerlitz.

SUED BY MAID, WOMAN DIES INHALING GAS

Mrs. Jessie A. Parsons of Dorchester Found Dead in Her Printing Office.

HAD BEEN DESPONDENT

Apparently suffering from a mental derangement, which was aggravated by a suit for damages brought against her by a former servant, and by despondency because her tenants had given notice of removal, Mrs. Jessie A. Parsons, forty-six years old, of No. 25 Nightingale street, Dorchester, committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas in her job printing establishment at No. 64 Broad street. Her body was cold in death when her husband opened the shop to-day.

Excessive nervousness and fear of the outcome of business troubles were the reasons to which Frank Parsons, the woman's husband, attributed the act of self-destruction. He said:

"Mrs. Parsons was very nervous by disposition, and for some days she had talked of fears of what some of her troubles might lead to. Yesterday afternoon she left our home to call on friends in Somerville. As she had not returned at 9 o'clock I telephoned to Somerville and found the woman she intended to visit had gone to Quincy and had not returned. Then I felt certain she would stay at Somerville all night, and I was not alarmed for her safety.

"When I opened the shop I smelled the gas, and then, for the first time, had fears of what happened."

Miss Margaret Johnston, who was a housemaid for Mrs. Parsons until a week ago, said: "Two weeks ago I was employed by Mrs. Parsons as housemaid, and I had not been in the house long before I noticed that she acted queer. She seemed to know no difference between night and day, for she would leave here before daylight or late at night to go to the printing shop.

Mrs. Parsons accused a former servant of stealing silverware, and she left, and brought suit against Mrs. Parsons, alleging defamation of character. This suit seemed to prey on her mind.

"I had been here a week when she accused me of theft. She went so far as to call a policeman, who, when he heard Mrs. Parsons's story, went away without taking any action on it. A week ago to-day she ordered her husband to dismiss me, and I went to stay with the family who live overhead. This family notified her that they would move on October 1. This made her despondent."

Mrs. Parson's body lay on a couch in the printing establishment upon which she used to sleep when hurry orders for printing kept her in the shop late at night. She had attached a rubber tube to a gas jet and on the end of it had placed a funnel, improvised out of a piece of brass, which covered her mouth and nose. Over this she held a cloth to prevent the escape of the gas.

Mrs. Parsons left a son of nine and a daughter of seven years. Title to the printing business and the house in which she lived was in her name.

TINY ACTRESS, MOTHER SAYS, WAS KIDNAPPED

WOMAN C[illegible] WITH KIDNAPPING.

Mrs. Bertha E. [illegible]o of This City, Arrested in New [illegible]rged With Crime.

Charged with kidnap[illegible] E. M. Natino, of this [illegible] rest in New York. Sh[illegible] to this city to-morrow [illegible]

It is charged that t[illegible] refuses to give up eigh[illegible] Romano, whom Mrs. [illegible] adopted five years ago, [illegible] parents were not in a [illegible] York to look after the [illegible]

Mrs. Natino, who is t[illegible] ness man at No. 7 Pa[illegible] the little girl to this [illegible] her. As the child show[illegible] talent she was allowed [illegible] She made her appearan[illegible] Theatre and made a de[illegible]ter.

Then it appears the [illegible] girl tried to get her ba[illegible] the arrest of Mrs. Natin[illegible] the application of Mrs. [illegible] uary, but since that tim[illegible] declare the foster moth[illegible] been missing from Bost[illegible]

At the office of Mr[illegible] gone to New York to [illegible] it was said to-day that [illegible] mother of the child, [illegible] years ago in the famil[illegible] father in New York.

"She had six little [illegible] BOSTON AMERICAN [illegible] her husband had been [illegible] than a year. The [illegible] pitiable condition, and [illegible] did everything in the [illegible] the wants of the litt[illegible]

"At that time M[illegible] adopted Caroline, wh[illegible] years old. She was [illegible] trouble and was in ver[illegible] Natino brought the ch[illegible] her the best of medica[illegible] soon regained her hea[illegible] to a dramatic school, and last Winter got an engagement at the Bowdoin Square Theatre, in a juvenile part, and she made a hit.

"About a year ago, Mrs. Romano, with her husband and five children, came to Boston. The husband was still out of work, and Mr. and Mrs. Natino helped them. Romano got no work here, and then went to Montreal, taking his family with him. There he was not successful in finding employment, and a little while ago, Mr. Natino had word that the Romano family was in New York again.

"One night last Winter, Mrs. Romano and Mrs. Natino had trouble at the Bowdoin Square Theatre over the little girl. The mother wanted to take her child, but the little one clung to her foster mother and cried when her own mother wanted to take her. Later, Mrs. Natino sent Caroline to her mother, but the child returned the next day."

FOSS FACTION SEEKS TO RUN CONVENTIONS

Reciprocity Republicans Trying Hard to Assure Election of Their Delegates.

In carrying out their plan to elect delegates to the State convention, and the other conventions as well, the reciprocity Republicans have sent circular letters to all parts of the State, urging the recipients to stand ready to see that the delegates chosen from their respective municipalities are reciprocity men, and to pay particular attention to the polling in the caucuses of the votes of the signers of the big reciprocity petition.

Each of the committee of 100, which circulated the petition, will be a candidate for the State convention, and each will make an effort to be elected to it or to one of the congressional conventions, for it is the intention of the reciprocity men to have candidates and platforms of their own selection rather than candidates and platforms chosen by Republicans who are lukewarm in the cause.

REPUBLICANS FEAR ALLEN'S CANDIDACY

The entrance of Isaac P. Hutchinson and Isaac B. Allen into the fight for the Republican nomination for Congress from the Eleventh District is causing not a little concern to the "regular" Republicans, who feel that the division of the vote will be against the chances of Stephen O'Meara's winning.

They believe that the Foss vote is firm in its allegiance to the reciprocity candidate, and fear that Mr. Hutchinson and Mr. Allen will cut into the "regular" vote, Mr. Allen getting the ballots of the colored voters of the district and Mr. Hutchinson not a few of the "regulars."

Joseph F. O'Connell, who is opposing Congressman McNary in the Tenth Congressional District caucuses, has issued a statement in which he asserts that Mr. McNary has done the district no service during his time in Washington. He declares that Mr. McNary has been so wrapped up in politics that he has had no time to devote to the affairs of his constituency, and asks that some one show him in the Congressional Record where Mr. McNary has entitled himself to distinction.

CANNON AND SHAW SNUBBED IN OHIO

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 12.—It has developed that the Ohio Republican executive committee snubbed Speaker Cannon, of the National House of Representatives, and Secretary of the Treasury Shaw at its recent meeting. These two men had been assigned to speak at the opening of the Ohio campaign. The State committee announced that it wanted Secretary of War Taft and Senator Dick, and the State chairman went so far as to ignore the National committee's assignments and wired Taft to come to Ohio to open the Ohio campaign. Taft accepted and neither Cannon nor Shaw will be present. The National committee was forced to acquiesce in the arrangements.

CHICAGO MEN INSPECT HUB PAVEMENTS

Committee of Experts Here to See How Smooth the Streets Are.

Even the crooked streets of Boston cannot confuse the rigid propriety of paving experts from Chicago. But they are troubled by the way Boston streets run to curves, slants and elbows. They are here to look at Boston's smooth paving. They think that it must be a pretty smooth paving which will adjust itself to the "cow-path" layout of this city. But, no matter how often they lose their way in this labrynth of Boston thoroughfares, they never lose their ideas of etiquette—Chicago standard.

A BOSTON AMERICAN reporter erred in thinking that he might tangle them up so in a few blocks tour that the Chicago standard would get lost. He wondered whether the city of Chicago, the paving experts themselves or a suave paving contractor in the "bitulithic" line was paying for this paving junket. At the psychological moment the reporter sprung his question. It remains unanswered.

There are seven on the junket. Andrew M. Lynch, president of the Windy City's Local Board of Improvements, is in charge. With him are Chief Engineer John E. Ericson, Engineer C. D. Hill, Superintendent M. J. Doherty, Commissioner John Minwegan and Peter Kiolbassa. Mr. Kiolbassa is somewhat vaguely defined as "connected with the street department. He isn't exactly a president, or yet a superintendent or a commissioner. He isn't called an engineer or a chief engineer, like others in the junket. But he's "connected with the department," and, as such, is eligible.

Then there is George F. Loomis. He is "bitulithic" pure and simple. He is the Chicago agent of a bitulithic firm, which sends him East to pilot the board about and show where this firm had plastered down the crooked streets of Boston with bitulithic. It keeps him busy guiding the party, as he has to get someone to tell him the way about town first, before he can get underway with his charge. The party is at Hotel Somerset at someone's expense.

WOMEN PUNISH CHLOROFORMER

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Unmindful of a rain of bullets a crowd of infuriated Italian women, who for months have been living in a state of terror because a dozen of their friends have been chloroformed and robbed by a gang of Hungarian thieves, chased a strange man for two blocks along German avenue, Long Island City to-day, believing that he was the leader of the band of chloroformers. When they caught him they tried to tear him to pieces, but the arrival of a policeman saved him. As the suspect ran he cried out: "Help me, brothers! Help me!" and a dozen shots were fired at the women by several young men, supposed to be the fugitive's pals.

The thieves have hidden themselves in the homes of the women while their husbands were at work, crept silently behind them and held a handkerchief saturated with chloroform under the nose. On Saturday night Mrs. Philomena Dicranzio was robbed of $300.

SAILORS FEAR DYNAMITE UNDER SEA

300 Tons in Sunken Longfellow May Be Exploded at Any Minute.

Special to the Boston American.

PROVINCETOWN, Sept. 12.—Captain Edward Riley and fifteen members of the crew of the ill-fated steamer Longfellow, which foundered eight miles southeast off Highland Light, Friday night, are still at the Highland and Peaked Hill Bar life-saving stations, waiting orders from the Dupont Powder Company, the owners of the vessel and cargo of dynamite.

There is little hope entertained in raising the vessel or saving any of the cargo. The dynamite was valued at $18,000 and the steamer $20,000.

There is much anxiety among skippers and seafaring men who go around Cape Cod, as they do not feel safe to sail over 300 tons of dynamite that is likely to explode at any minute. If this dynamite should be exploded it would rock Cape Cod. The residents of Provincetown will breathe easier when they see the cargo taken from the water.

Captain Riley, when interviewed to-day by a representative of the BOSTON AMERICAN, refused to discuss the wreck, or say whether or not he had received any communication from the towners.

ASTOR RESCUED BY POLICEMAN

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—William Waldorf Astor was nearly run over by a trolley car in front of his hotel. He started out briskly for a walk from the portal of the Netherlands in his ill-fitting, inconspicuous blue serge sack clothes and his little brown soft hat.

As he reached the curb a west-bound Fifty-ninth street car blocked his way. With a mutter, he plunged ahead and tried to cross behind the car. At this moment an east-bound car came swiftly down Fifty-ninth street. Mr. Astor stood in the middle of the track. The motorman shouted angrily. Policeman Dynan grabbed the millionaire by the arm and dragged him out of danger.

DR. LORIMER'S BODY HELD UP

A cable from Paris says George H. Lorimer, on his way to this country with the body of his father, the Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer, who died at Aix-les-Bains Thursday, was help up by the officials because it was Sunday, and appealed to Consul-General Gowdy for assistance in gett[ing] the necessary papers.

BURGLARS BUSY WHILE DOOGUE FAMILY SLEEPS

Thieves Rob Home, but Are Scared Away by Boston Terrier's Bark.

Burglars broke into the handsome home of Superintendent of Public Grounds William Doogue, No. 110 East Cottage street, Dorchester, at dawn to-day and stole several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry and other valuables.

In the midst of the job the thieves were evidently scared away by a Boston bull terrior which sleeps on the ground floor, for two big piles of silverware were left on the dining room table done up in sheets, and a large pile of expensive clothing was left on the second floor hallway.

Entrance was gained through the bathroom window, in the rear of the first floor. In order to get away at a moment's notice, the thieves had five windows and two doors on the first floor open.

Every room in which the crooks operated was occupied by sleepers, yet nothing was discovered until John Connell, son-in-law of the superintendent, woke at 5 o'clock.

The only souvenir left by the robbers was a 32-calibre bullet, which was found on the floor near the bed of the superintendent's son, William J., the lawyer. It was a grim reminder of what might have been had the thieves been disturbed and cornered. In order to make escape still more easy the telephone connections were cut by the intruders.

Lawyer Doogue lost an open-face gold watch, valued at $150, a gift from his father on his twenty-first birthday; gold fob, valued at $85; several stickpins, worth $60.

Miss May Connell, fourteen-year-old grand child of the superintendent, lost three gold lockets, one containing a very fine diamond; two gold chains, silver watch and three rings, one a diamond.

In the back yard was found scattered a number of medals which Mr. Doogue won at the Philadelphia Fair, in '76 for horticultural exhibits. The contents of a box of souvenirs from the late John Boyle O'Reilly were also scattered in the back yard.

The police have been notified and Chief Inspector Watts has men out on the case.

BOSTON SECOND AS ALIEN PORT

Boston stands second in the list of ports of entry for immigrants to the United States, New York leading. In the last eighteen months the force of inspectors under Commissioner George B. Billings has been practically doubled.

Dr. M. Victor Safford, in charge of the medical examination of aliens, has had his hands full during the past year and a half, and the work has increased so that Commissioner-General Sargent has detailed Dr. Julian D. Lucas, of the Marine Hospital in Chelsea, as his assistant.

Every immigrant detained for inspection has to be examined as to his physical condition every day, and this necessitates a vast amount of work.

POSTAL OFFICIAL A SUICIDE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The body of David P. Leibhardt, superintendent of the dead letter office, was found by one of the watchmen. Evidently it was a case of suicide by shooting.

CONSTI[illegible]N

"For over nine years I su[illegible] stipation and during this [illegible] injection of warm water o[illegible] I could have an action on [illegible] tried Cascarets, and toda[illegible] During the nine years bef[illegible] suffered untold misery wi[illegible] to you I am free from all [illegible] can use this in behalf of [illegible] B[illegible]e, Ill.

Be[illegible] The[illegible] Cascarets CANDY [illegible] THEY WORK WH[illegible]

Pleasant, Palatable, Po[illegible] Good, Never Sicken, Weaken o[illegible] Never sold in bulk. The genu[illegible] CCC. Guaranteed to cure or y[illegible]

Sterling Remedy C[illegible] Y. 603

ANNUAL SALE, T[illegible]OXES

HELP WA[illegible]

WEAVERS W[illegible]D.

Cotton weavers; men [illegible] steady employment. A[illegible] Bradley, 86 Charles Ho[illegible] September 13, between [illegible] Tuesday.

AT MERCANTILE [illegible] ASSOCIATION—Doubl[illegible] sistant bookkeeper, $8[illegible] town, $12-$15; A-1 fish[illegible]ter, $12; collector, youn[illegible] $8-$10; optician, $20; [illegible] work; experienced retai[illegible] $12-$15; soda clerk, $[illegible] Pressfeeder, $6-$7; R[illegible] shoes, $5; Medford bo[illegible] $5; express office, $5; [illegible] wholesale tea and coffe[illegible] retail dry goods, $4; ar[illegible] town boy, $4; Somervil[illegible] $3.50; Watertown boy[illegible] boys from 15-16 years [illegible] trades at $3, $3.50 and [illegible]

Poole of London—the greatest tailor in the world—

made a double-breasted suit for us—we use it as a model—copied it exactly—used the same patterns in woolens — same buttons — same tailoring—they're so much alike you can't tell 'em apart—Poole charges $125 in London for his suit—Ours sell at $15—Jim Bell models, too, if you prefer them—

Vorenberg's

The Big Store With Little Prices

Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

FLOWERS

Caution—Our customers are advised that parties telephoning or soliciting flower orders for "Newman's" do not represent us.

We have no branch stores and do not solicit orders by telephone or runners.

J. NEWMAN & SONS CORP., 51 TREMONT ST.

Golf Score Books
57-63 Franklin St., Boston | WARD'S

ROOSEVELT ACCEPTING, HITS PARKER

Scores Democrats and Leader for Insincerity, Especially In Philippine Question.

PROTECTION NO "ROBBERY"

OYSTER BAY, Sept. 12—In a letter in which he reviews issues of the campaign President Roosevelt accepts the nomination of the Republican party for the presidency. The formal letter of acceptance was sent to the Chairman of the Notification Committee. In it the President denounces the Democratic party and Judge Parker for "insincerity," particularly on the Philippines question, lays great stress on the protective tariff, and in replying to the Democratic demand for reducing declares that protection is "robbery" at its highest point it is also "robbery" when reduced. He declares for reciprocity that will not be one-sided, but equitable for both sides.

Here is, in part, the text of the letter:

Accepts the Nomination.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.,
September 12, 1904.

Hon. J. G. Cannon,
Chairman of the Notification Committee.

My Dear Sir: I accept the nomination for the Presidency tendered me by the Republican National Convention, and cordially approve the platform adopted by it.

No other administration in our history, no other government in the world, has more consistently stood for the broadest spirit of brotherhood in our common humanity, or has held a more resolute attitude of protest against every wrong that outraged the civilization of the age at home or abroad.

Our foreign policy has been not only highly advantageous to the United States, but hardly less advantageous to the world as a whole. Peace and good will have followed in its footsteps. The government has shown itself no less anxious to respect the rights of others than insistent that the rights of American citizens be respected in return.

As for the navy, it has been and is now the most potent guarantee of peace; and it is such chiefly because it is formidable and ready for use.

Enforcement of Law.

The action of the Attorney-General in enforcing the anti-trust and interstate-commerce laws, and the action of the last Congress in enlarging the scope of the Interstate commerce law, and in creating the Department of Commerce and Labor, with a Bureau of Corporations, have for the first time opened a chance for the National Government to deal intelligently and adequately with the questions affecting society, whether for good or for evil, because of the accumulation of capital in great corporations, and because of the new relations caused thereby. These laws are now being administered with entire efficiency, and as, in their working, need is shown for amendment or addition to meet whether better to secure the proper publicity, or better to guarantee the rights of shippers, or in any other direction this need will be met.

So far as the rights of the individual wage-worker and the individual capitalist are concerned, both as regards one another, as regards the public, and as regards organized capital and labor, the position of the Administration has been so clear that there is no excuse for misrepresenting it, and no ground for opposing it unless misrepresented. Within the limits defined by the National Constitution, the National Administration has sought to secure to each man the full enjoyment of the rights of his life and dispose of his property and his labor as he deems best, so long as he wrongs no one else.

A Word on the Tariff.

It is but ten years since the last attempt was made, by means of a general tariff, to prevent some people from prospering too much.

The attempt was entirely successful. The tariff law of that year was among the causes which in that year and for some time afterward effectually prevented anybody from prospering too much, and from prospering at all. Undoubtedly it would be possible at the present time so to prevent any of the trusts from remaining a trust as to paralyze the industry of the country.

If a protective tariff is either "unconstitutional" or "robbery," then it is just about true, all alike. A majority of the people in the past has certainly not shown as that we could afford in this matter to follow those professional counsellors who prosperously by the simple expedient of making such a sweeping change in the laws condemn themselves to a closet; for the actual working of the tariff has emphatically contradicted their theories.

It is difficult to believe that opponents are really sincere in the demand for the reduction of the army. If insincere, there is no need for enumerating the reasons why what shall we say in speaking to rational persons of an appeal to reduce an army of sixty thousand men which is taking care of the interests of the mighty million people?

As to Extravagance.

Our opponents contend that the Government is now administered extravagantly, and that whereas there was "a surplus of $800,000,000," there is now a deficit of more than $40,000,000" in the year that has just closed.

This deficit is imaginary, and is obtained by including in the ordinary expenses the sum of fifty millions, which was paid for the right of way of the Panama Canal out of the accumulated surplus in the treasury.

The expenditures of the Nation have been administered in a spirit of economy, but far removed from waste as from niggardliness, and in the decisive every effort has continued to secure an economy as "et as is consistent with efficiency.

"e opponents promise independence to the Philippines. Here again we are confronted by the fact that their irreconcilable differences of opinion among themselves, their proved inability to create a consistent policy upon any subject, and their readiness, for the sake of momentary political expediency, to advocate any principles upon which they have indeed as essentially incompatible with each other as whether they do or do not intend in good faith to carry out the promise if they are given control of the Government.

Held Different Positions.

They have occupied three entirely different positions within fifty days. Which is the promise they really intend to keep?

If such ambiguity affected only the Asiatic people it would not so greatly matter; for the American people can take care of themselves. But the Filipinos are in no such condition.

To refuse the Moro country, as our opponents propose in their platform, would be precisely as if twenty-five years ago we had withdrawn the army and the civil agents from within and around the Indian reservations in the West at a time when the Sioux and the Apache were still the terror of our settlers. It would be a criminal absurdity; and yet our opponents have pledged themselves thereto.

We make our appeal to no class and to no section, but to all good citizens, in whatever part of the land they dwell, and whatever may be their occupation or worldly condition.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

SALEM MAN HIT BY TRAIN.

SALEM, Sept. 12.—George Dickerson, fifty, was struck by an engine attached to train 371, at 8.20 o'clock this morning, and badly injured. His head is cut and left leg fractured. He was removed to the hospital

GATES AND DRAKE DROPPED $750,000; ANNOUNCE THEY WILL QUIT THE TURF

ADMIT THEY CANNOT BEAT RACING GAME

Will Sell Their Stables—Other Big Turfmen to Retire Temporarily.

TOTAL LOSS IS $1,000,000

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12—After losing $500,000 in less than three months, John W. Gates, Wall Street financier and race track operator, announced today that he would quit the race track indefinitely.

With Mr. Gates, in the losing end of the season's racing finances, is John A. Drake, who has benefitted to the loss of $200,000. Both now declare they will release all their race track holdings. Mr. Drake making the specific announcement that he would dispose of his entire stable.

Another feature of to-day's turf gossip is the remarkable fact that immediately following the withdrawal of Drake and Gates, E. E. Smathers, Joe Yeager and several other prominent figures in racing circles have abandoned the turf for the season.

Mr. Gates in deserting his favorite pastime remarked that with the present field of horses it would be impossible for any racing man to even up his losses this season. Asked whether they would return to the game next season, Mr. Gates replied that it would depend entirely upon the horses entered at the various tracks.

Gates admits frankly that he cannot beat the racing game. He and Drake have had particularly hard luck. They have backed their horses heavily, to have them beaten by a head or a nose at times, and again, when they have feared to back their racers, they have beaten out the field.

It is estimated that the losses this season alone of the half dozen big plungers reach a million dollars.

"The evil of such a life as the one led by J. W. Gates is an example that affects a young man of this country, who are too likely to admire the degree of worldly success he has apparently attained to be attracted from the path appalled by his unfortunate habits."

This was the statement made by Judge A. J. Smith, Rockwell, Wyo., at the convention of the American Templars of Honor and Temperance, held in A. O. U. W. hall in New York recently.

Judge Smith made the principal address of the occasion and referred to John W. Gates in his earnest plea for total abstinence.

"John W. Gates is setting a bad example to the young men of the nation," he said. "Frequently we see in the newspapers accounts of his gambling. Only a few days ago or two ago I read that he, with Charles, his son, John A. Drake, the horseman, and one or two others, went into one of the gambling dens in Saratoga. The members of the party agreed to put up a certain amount of money, which John W. Gates was to play faro, the winnings or losings to be divided. It is a matter of notoriety to know that Mr. Gates lost his money and at 4 o'clock in the morning he had left he and his friends were $32,000 out of pocket.

Called a "Wine-Opener."

"Such an example is bad enough, but Mr. Gates, in the life he is leading, sets an even worse one to the young men of the country. He has a reputation of being a 'wine-opener.' The most costly wines are served to him and his friends. No one can estimate, probably not even Mr. Gates himself, how much he spends in the course of a year, or even a month, for liquor.

"Is this the kind of a successful man that you would wish your sons to emulate? Is the example set by John W. Gates the one you would like your children to follow? Would Mr. Gates himself condone the offence if one of his clerks gambled, whether he won or lost, and spent his employer's money for liquor, he would retain him in his employ.

"The young men are the two cares of the youth of our country, and the former class is far the greater. The tendency among young men have been led to their destruction by liquor has reached such a number will run into the thousands; 30s, into the millions.

Leads to Thievery.

"The men in this country who, through the medium of the press, are in the public eye a large part of the time ever be too careful of the example they hold up before the eyes of the younger generation. Young men are confined, they will never be in a position to be what they term 'sports.' With the example before their eyes of a man who, so far as money gets and keeps, is the success he is, Mr. Gates has they are liable to follow it as closely as their inclinations will permit.

"They do not stop there. When their own money is gone they 'borrow' of their employers without the employer's knowledge. When that is gone they borrow more, and this system of investing other's money can no longer be hidden.

"Then follow either arrest or flight. Either a term in prison or expatriation. Even if young men escape the pitfalls of this life, the man is forced to live far from his home and loved ones and under the cloud of disgrace that weighs down not only himself, but those near and dear to him.

"The only way to stop such cases—and they are of almost daily occurrence—is to remove the opportunity. Stop the immense temptation of investing that which men will be forced to abandon their use.

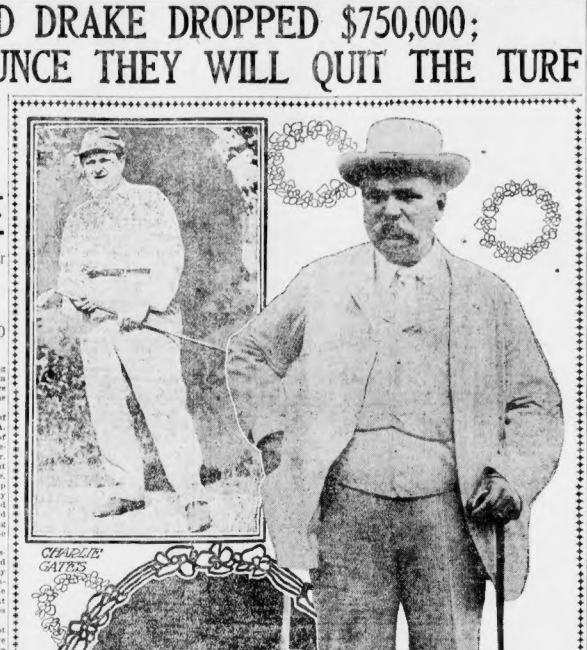
"There is no other way. Legislation restricting the sale has been tried in many sections of the country, but it has proved a farce in putting an end to the drinking habit. If they would, they are not worrying over the difficulty. We have some men who do it for us.

Outside the men said, "We were ordered to go out and we have struck. There is no doubt but what we will win as nearly every shop in Boston is unionized. Our demands are not unreasonable, and I think the employers will give in.

"The steamfitters are getting $3.50 per day and they want $4. The bosses are getting $2.50 and they want $3. There is nothing unreasonable in that demand. Another thing, we want 'closed' shops and we are going to have them. There are some non-union shops in the city, but they are so small that they cannot interfere with our purpose.

"Our relations with the employers are of the most friendly nature, but we intend to win this time anyway."

At William H. Gallison & Co.'s shop, No. 36 Oliver street, most of the men are on out-of-town jobs and know nothing of the strike. Six men, with as many helpers, are regularly employed. These men refused to go to work until the demands were met with



MILLIONAIRE TURFMAN, WIFE AND SON.

STEAMFITTERS STRIKE; NEARLY 500 MEN OUT

The steamfitters' and helpers' strike in Boston has begun, and every shop in the city is affected. Union men to the number of 480 refuse to go to work until the demands of the Steamfitters' and Helpers' Unions are met by the employers. The demands are that fifty cents per hour shall be the minimum rate of wages for all steamfitters for a day of eight hours, with one hour for dinner. The other for closed shops—none but union men and helpers shall be employed.

Many of the strikers went to the shops earlier than usual, standing in little groups outside and discussing their chances of winning. At 8 o'clock more men arrived, but few went to work.

At Lesley, Whitten & Jackson's shop, No. 91 High street, twenty men are employed, and eight of these reported for work. When asked if they would go out, they refused to say. Up to noon all the men, and Bixle to say, though he admitted that the acceptance are not worrying over the difficulty. We have some men who do it for us.

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STRIKERS TO SEND DEFI TO EMPLOYERS

Striking garment workers are again in session in Wells Memorial Hall and, having rejected terms offered by manufacturers, are going to submit a counter proposition. They say that manufacturers have many men on strike, which has lasted five weeks, will be continued indefinitely. They have voted not to return to work. The manufacturers send word that they would fight for the open shop and not recognize unions or give any work to shops where the union agreement. Hundreds of strikers attended the special meeting to-day. They represented the many nationalities that are found in the clothing manufacturers, which will last night, but to be translated into English by Louis Lipkind. Lipkind says:

"The Clothiers' Association of Boston considers the proposition from your union, as submitted by Mr. Wilkin. We voted unanimously that we would stand by our previous action in declaring for the open shop and not to recognize the union in any shape or form.

"We further voted again to stand by our previous votes in not giving any work to any contractor who signed with the union or an agreement whatever. We also voted to instruct the Boston Clothing Contractors' Protective Association that we would not give any work to any contractor who in any sense made any compromise with the union whatever."

LAUNCH SUNK; 8 DROWNED.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12.—The Delaware River steamer Columbia, on its way from this city to Bristol, Pa., crashed into a steam launch, causing the drowning right of the dozen occupants of the launch boat.

GERMANIA AFLOAT AGAIN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The White Star line steamer Germania, which went aground off Sandy Hook, was floated at 45 tide morning

TRESPASS SIGN BARS SCHOLARS

Special to the Boston American.

LOWELL, Sept. 12.—"No trespassing on this land. Keep out of this building."

The above sign conspicuously displayed on the fence which surrounds the Tyuks bury town schoolhouse has resulted in the selectmen ordering William H. Livingston, the man said to be responsible for placing the fence, to remove the fence or be prosecuted.

School was supposed to open to-day, but although the teachers and pupils gathered for the first session they were not allowed inside the fence. The school was built thirty-five years ago and belonging to T. T. Porter Livingston. No deed was given, but the town thought it owned the property. When Mr. Livingston died his son subdivided the lands and buildings. William H. Livingston declares he owns the land which the school now occupies. The case will probably be taken to court.

TURKEY OFFERS TO PAY $25,000

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 12.—The Ottoman Bank has notified the American Legation here that it holds $25,000 at its disposal on account of the claim for loss illegally seized and belonging to an American citizen at Smyrna.

DENIES STORY OF MUTINY IN 8TH REGIMENT

Troops Physically Unable to Take Part in Grand Review Gen. Whitney Says.

EXCUSED FROM PARADE

General J. H. Whitney, home from the Virginia atlantic warfare, denies there was mutiny in his brigade Saturday when it was reported that two companies of the Eighth Regiment did not participate in the grand review at Arlington, Va. The question about the reported refusal of the companies to march for the review was the all absorbing topic upon the arrival of the troops from Manassas.

"There was no mutiny," said General Whitney to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter to-day. "The troops were anxious to take part in the review by General Chaffee, but they were physically unable to do so. That they did not object is shown by the fact that every effort was used to get a special train to convey them, the two companies of the Eighth in particular, to the parade ground.

"The whole week was one of arduous work for everyone. It so happened that the third battalion of the Eighth had an unusual work to do the last day, and these two companies bore the brunt of the work of the battalion. The regimental surgeon excused them from parade, as he had a perfect right to do."

"It was a whole lot different from a real vacation," one of militiamen said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter this morning. "I'll bet we tramped fifty miles that last day. My feet were both of them blistered so badly that I had to report at hospital call.

"It was amusing to see the way the fellows took to their downy blankets at the first opportunity. The ground was soft enough for all of us. I don't believe that after the first night there was a man awake when 'taps' sounded except the bugler."

BOSTON GIVES LEAGUE $8,000

A greeting to the envoys of the Irish parliamentary party was given by an assemblage which crowded the Boston Theatre to its doors, and as an earnest of that greeting the sum of $8,000 was subscribed to assist the party in the campaign which will precede the election of the next Parliament.

Cordial was the approval given the work the Irish party has already accomplished, as it was explained by John D. Redmond, the party's leader, and his colleagues, Patrick O'Brien and Captain A. J. C. Donelan. The meeting was presided over by Mayor Collins, who had hurried home from his vacation in Virginia to be present. He explained that for forty years he had not missed such a meeting, and said it was too late to miss a roll call now.

The speech of the evening was made by Mr. Redmond, whose voice was strong and pleasing and whose style was eloquent. He expressed his thanks for the greeting given him and his colleagues, and said he had never yet come to Boston without securing encouragement and strength from the good will and confidence exhibited by the people of Boston.

MEDICAL.

LADIES! MRS. DR. ROBERTS'

Monthly Regulator saves thousands of women from suicide; don't fret or worry; absolutely safe; guaranteed cure $5,000 for case I fail to relieve in 24 hours; $2 per box; mail, $2. 1 Tremont St.; hours, 9-7; Sun., 1-5.

Old Dr. Hall OFFICE, 8 TREMONT ST. near Parker House. Oldest physician; treatment safe and skilful; all letters truthfully answered. Hours 9 to 8; Sundays 10 to 2.

MRS. DR. J. E. BISHOP,
OFFICE 175 TREMONT ST.
OLDEST and most reliable office for treatment of female diseases. Hours 10-7. Sun., 12-2.

DR. EMMONS, Office 170 Tremont St.
OLDEST established and most reliable specialist in women's diseases; satisfaction guaranteed; positively no scandal; hours 9-7; Sun., 12-2.

MRS. DR. WILLIAMS,
Office, 144 Tremont st. LADIES IN TROUBLE, I GUARANTEE YOUR CURE; $10 $25.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

$75 STEINWAY & SONS' upright mahogany piano, the property of a widow. Must sell at once. Apply to T. T. Boston American.

MILLER upright, powerful, musical tone; this piano has been used about three years but has the appearance of one of the finest pianos in the area. Write G 72, Boston American.

$125 upright piano, sweet tone, daintily carved piano; has had excellent care in a refined home; looks and plays like new. Apply early to T. T. Boston American.

$150 KNIGHT PIANO—Lady leaving city must sell her beautiful Steinway within the next week; piano has been used but little; will accept $150 and a reasonable price. T. 198, Boston American.

PERSONAL.

LADIES should have their hair shampooed, waves for booklet, T. & P. Chemical Co., P. O. Box 213, Roxbury.

MILLER, 31 Bromfield st., removes stains, does hair dyeing, manicuring, shampooing, 25c.

TYPEWRITERS.

SAVE MONEY—Good machines; write or call. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 38 Bromfield st.

ASTROLOGY.

MRS. PYNE, business, medium, palmist, card reader, tells object of visit. 180 Columbus ave.

STOVES.

LARGE new range, $20; price includes mantel, tiles and setting; will install on two weeks' trial. ALBERT'S, 99 Blackstone st.

TOOK POISON BY MISTAKE; DIES

South Boston Woman Suffering from Toothache Drinks from Wrong Bottle.

DEAD IN A FEW HOURS

In the endeavor to secure something with which to alleviate the suffering caused by an aching tooth, Mrs. Thomas Donovan, wife of a prominent South Boston business man, got hold of the wrong bottle and took poison, from the effects of which she died early this morning at her home, No. 165 Emerson street.

When Mr. Donovan returned to his home late last night he found to his surprise that the door of his home was locked. He called for his wife, but received no reply. By the blare of match he proceeded into his bedroom and was horrified to see in the uncertain light the wife, unconscious, on the bed.

He spoke to her sharply, and shook her, but she did not respond. Dashing from the house, he summoned three doctors, who worked over her for five hours without avail. She died while the physicians were at work.

There is no thought of suicide in connection with the case, as Mrs. Donovan was in good health except for the toothache.

Mr. Donovan was completely prostrated by the death of his wife. They were each about sixty years of age, and had been married for many years.

54,973 TEETH PAINLESSLY EXTRACTED

DR. KING,
Originator of the King Safe System of Painless Dentistry.

At this office during the past year in the King Safe System of Painless Dentistry, no case did the patient suffer the slightest pain. It has always been easy to extract a tooth, but now, by using Dr. King's Natural Gum, a set of teeth can be made by his method that will absolutely defy detection. Ordinarily an extraction is the loss of a tooth, but in the "Natural Gum" method a tooth or a dozen at a time no charge will be made. During this offer all other dentistry will be done at reduced rates.

Painless Extraction Free with Teeth

KING DENTAL PARLORS
478 WASHINGTON ST., COR. AVON.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

CUSHING PROCESS.

MAKES LIQUORS absolutely pure—Whiskies and Gins, $3.00 a gal. $1 and $1.50 qt.; Brandies and Wines, $3.00 a gal. $1 qt.; Port, Sherry and Sauterne, 75c to $1; Cal. Wines, 25c to 50c per full quart; Ale and Porter, 75c a doz. pts. Send for price list. We will send you a trial order; send for price list; $1 orders sent by mail, postage paid. Free delivery to Boston and suburbs. Empty boxes for jugs or bottles, goods securely packed for shipping. Where we have no agent we ship direct. Dr. Cushing has been for years the leading druggist of Boston, and guarantees the highest quality of goods. CUSHING MEDICAL SUPPLY CO., 380 Washington st., Boston.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PIANOS FOR RENT.
F. A. PELTON PIANO CO., 761 Tremont St.

Our stock of pianos for rent is one of the largest and most varied in Boston, including pianos for renting purposes. Exclusive representative of Steinway, Knabe, Chickering, Hallet & Davis, Mason & Hamlin, Weber and other high-class makers, at prices from $50 to $500; terms $5 to $10 a month. F. A. PELTON PIANO CO., 761 Tremont st.

HELP WANTED—Male.

A GENTLEMAN of unquestioned character can secure several hours daily to light, profitable employment; references required; $1 to $3 per day. Address office, box 1,703, American office.

WANTED—To secure a position, for you after graduation in electrical or automobile school. Catalog GRAY, 63 Court st., Boston.

WANTED—Two or three boys who write a good hand to work evenings. Apply to-day, 9 to 12, at the Beck Screen Co. factory, 1 Dorchester ave., South Boston.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Young girl to learn dressmaking. Apply Miss Slavin, 439 Boylston st.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

LEARN VITOSOPHY

The new profession; enjoyable, honorable, dignified and self-respecting; as beneficial as medicine, as fascinating as music; teaches physical culture, how to develop and preserve health; stay at home or travel; residence or correspondence. Write for free booklet. THE VITOSOPHY SCHOOL of Vitosophy, Huntington Chambers, Boston, Mass.

REAL ESTATE.

REVERE—Great chance, brick house, 7 rooms and bath, all modern improvements, hot water heating, fine lot, 100 feet deep, near cars, good neighborhood; $4,500; $500 cash, balance to suit. Apply to owner, 5 Bowdoin st.

DAVIS HILL—New running and bathing, new house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, 2 toilets, 2 hot water heaters, $7,500 ft. land, good neighborhood; $2,000 cash, balance to suit. F. J. STARR, 82 Devonshire st.

THE BALL ROOM.

PROF. HEINEMANN announces grand opening of his new academy, Odeon, Harrison ave., Thursday; private lessons daily with prof. in attendance; class lessons Tuesday, Thursday, private lessons daily with prof. in attendance; class lessons Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday evenings; 170 Tremont st., Boston Theatre.

SEWING MACHINES.

NEW and second-hand machines of all makes to be sold at low prices; special terms during Sept. to purchasers of the celebrated Standard Rotary lock stitch machines; drop-head Favorites at $12.45. STANDARD SEWING MACHINE CO., 784 Tremont st.

AUTOMOBILES.

20 SECOND-HAND runabouts and touring cars in good shape; prices $100 to $1,000; liberal exchanges sold for small commission, exchanged, repaired and stored; net prices on tires. R. P. BLAKE CO., 72 Sudbury.

Biggest Circulation Gain in the World!

ENORMOUS GROWTH OF THE HEARST NEWSPAPERS!

9,821,841

More Copies of the Hearst Newspapers Sold in July, 1904, Than in July, 1903.

WHOLE WORLD OF **SPORTS** COVERED FOR THE **BOSTON AMERICAN** BY ITS CORPS OF **EXPERTS**

QUAKER FANS SEE DOUBLE-HEADER

After the hard rub the Senators gave the Highlanders, Boston fans feel more confident that their team will win the pennant of the American League. It was unexpected that the tailenders would give the New Yorkers such a tussle, and with two Gotham cast-off pitchers at that. Such is the fortune of baseball! The Bostons kept a tight hold on first place over Sunday and the boys say they will defend the position with their lives. The New Yorks are only six points behind the Champs, and they have their eyes tightly fixed on the flag. It is expected that Philadelphia, Chicago and Cleveland will fight hard for third place this week, which the Athletics hold over the White Sox by five points and over Cleveland by six points. If the Indians do up the White Sox to-day, they will romp into fourth place at least. The Champs will be lined up against the Athletics for two games, and with Gibson and Tannehill, who are pitching the best ball for the Champs these days, in the box, the Bostons stand an excellent chance of landing both battles. If they can only get away with both games, while the New Yorkers are taking one from the Senators, which seems likely, the Champs will have boosted themselves along another peg toward the championship.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	W.	L.	P.C.
BOSTON	78	48	.619
New York	76	48	.613
Philadelphia	73	52	.584
Chicago	68	57	.544
Cleveland	67	58	.536
St. Louis	52	72	.419
Detroit	49	75	.395
Washington	43	83	.341

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

Boston at Philadelphia (two games).
New York at Washington.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Detroit at St. Louis.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At St. Louis—First game, Detroit 2, St. Louis 1; second game, St. Louis 1, Detroit 0.
At Chicago—Chicago-Cleveland game called after 4½ innings, on account of rain; no score.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	80	39	.672
Chicago	75	46	.620
Pittsburg	74	50	.597
Cincinnati	71	53	.573
Philadelphia	70	54	.565
Brooklyn	58	66	.468
Boston	52	71	.423
St. Louis	46	78	.371
Chicago	42	82	.339

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at Chicago.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Cincinnati—St. Louis 4, Cincinnati 2; second game, Cincinnati 8, St. Louis 3.
At Chicago—Pittsburg 3, Chicago 1.

LEAGUE STANDINGS YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

AMERICAN.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
BOSTON	86	47	.646
Cleveland	82	50	.621
Philadelphia	64	66	.492
New York	64	68	.485
Detroit	59	69	.461
St. Louis	57	73	.438
Chicago	54	69	.439
Washington	50	80	.385

NATIONAL.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburg	90	41	.687
New York	84	46	.646
Chicago	76	55	.580
Cincinnati	69	61	.531
Brooklyn	62	61	.504
BOSTON	61	71	.462
Philadelphia	59	78	.431
St. Louis	42	94	.309

Continued from First Page.

turn to Boston for the games with the Highlanders.

Jimmy Collins's team never went into battle with any more confidence that they would win than to-day. Everybody seemed fired with the do-or-die spirit, which alone wins games. Everybody from the "Cap" down to Unglaub had his whole heart and soul wrapped up in the outcome of these games.

Collins though he would use Jesse Tannehill in the first conflict. Tanny has won nine out of his last ten games, and he expected he would have a cinch on this game. With one game won, the "Cap" thought it would be easier to run off with the honors in the second game.

Waddell and Bender warmed up for the Athletics.

Both the Champs and the Athletics have much to gain and lose by winning to-day. If the former forfeited the honors they would be surpassed by the Philadelphians, as that nine is booked to win to-day if they pile Jack Chesbro on the rostrum against the Senators. The Athletics are overanxious to win, as they are but six points ahead of the White Sox and the Indians, a relatively comfortable margin. Also, they know that if they whip the Bubbles they will have a safe and comfortable distance between them and first place.

Connie Mack is figuring on the fortunes of battle this way. He ardently hopes to win the three remaining games from the Bostons, as he thinks the thirteen-inning defeat was enough to take the starch out of the Collinsians.

Then, he hopes out, that when the Bostons and the New Yorks meet this week they will break even, which will give him a great chance to jump to the front. Five games, he argues, may be the undoing of either team, and probably the one opportunity left for his braves to jump into first place.

If things pan out the way Mack predicts, which is not at all unlikely, it will be up to the Bostons to trim the Athletics when they get to the Huntington avenue links for their first series, which comes Saturday.

Most of the local fans like the Bostons for the pennant, despite the partiality for the home team. They believe that the Bostons have the superior straight ability, fastest infield and best corps of pitchers, while their batting is hard to fight about.

So strongly do the boys believe that they are going to win the flag that most of their hopes on the slump which the Highlanders took against the Senators Saturday, that they are already talking of what they will do for the Giants, when they meet them. They say, like in fairy lore, they will cut down the world's champions in a style which will precipitate all McGraw's hopes to the ground. Nothing like confidence, eh?

If the Bostons win to-day, they will stand a splendid chance of gaining another victory to-morrow, on this occasion, Bill Dinneen will toe the mark. He should probably have as his opponent Eddie Plank, who was so successful in the opening game. "Big Bill" is in fine fettle, and he should be able to stem the Athletic tide. Moreover, the rest of the team feel they will be able to solve Plank's delivery this time, like they have on all other occasions except Saturday.

This is a snapshot of Christy Mathewson, of the Giants, just as he has delivered the ball. The BOSTON AMERICAN camera caught him in action all right. Matty has been doing great stunts on the firing line this season. He and McGinnity have been the mainstays of the team, and it will be chiefly due to their great work that the New Yorks will eventually win the pennant of the National League. Matty is a wonder from Wonderville.

'CHRISTY" MATHEWSON, THE GIANT TWIRLER

MATTY HOLDS HUB NATIONALS EASY

Those coming pennant winners of the National League, the Giants, arrived in the Hub from New York this morning all looking fine and hearty. Their clever little manager, Johnny McGraw, was not with them owing to injuries.

It will be remembered that during the recent Labor Day series between the Bostons and the New Yorks, the crowd was so elated over the Giant's double victory that they attempted to carry all the players on their shoulders.

They tried to lift McGraw who, in his efforts to get away from their embraces, slipped and was trampled under foot by the big crowd. He didn't realize until he reached his dressing room that he had sprained his ankle.

Meggsy is now on crutches, and it may be some time before he is able to discard them. He thought it was best to stay behind. If his team were in danger of losing first place McGraw would disregard inconveniences and hustle along with his wonders.

As it is, Dan McGann, the clever first baseman, is looking after the interests of the team. He will hurl the orders, and the like, if there are to be any, back and forth to his nine.

The New Yorkers all feel certain that they will win the pennant, and they will not rest back a inch until the post-season series. However, they are after the record for games won, and they will make every effort to surpass the showing of Pittsburg, which team holds the world's record—103 games.

Christy Mathewson will be on the firing line for the Gothamites to-day, and he hopes to strike terror into the heart of defeat. He is in rare form, and, judging by his past performances on the mound there, Matty shouldn't have any difficulty whipping the locals.

Neither Matty nor McGinnity would be used on the firing line at all if McGraw didn't fear they would go wrong from lack of work. This he doesn't wish to follow, as he has his heart and soul upon winning the championship of the world.

"I have got the Bostons crushed before I go into the game," quoth Matty. "I think they are a second-rate bunch, and it is a shame to pitch against them. Of course they may catch me napping, but I had a good sleep last night, and I don't fear anything from this source."

Willis will probably pitch for the Bucketeers this afternoon. When he is up against the stellar goods he usually gets on to himself to show what he is worth. If that is the case we may hear from "Vic" to-day.

BANTAM CHAMP IS MATCHED

Two of the best youngsters in the ban tam ranks have been matched and want some club to put the bout on. Those boys are Jimmy Walsh, the New England champion, and Kid Williams, now of Chelsea. Their managers, Alex McLean and Eddie Kenvin, have agreed to let the fast antlers meet if some representative club is willing to put them on.

Walsh has a draw to his credit with the champ, and is training with Delmont, the clever little scrapper from Medford, to put him in the best condition.

MacLean is willing to make a side bet on Williams for any amount, he is so sure that his boy is a winner.

CHICK STAHL LEADS AT BAT

Chick Stahl now leads the Boston American team in batting while Parent, who has been leading all season, clumped to second place. Stahl is the only man over the .300 mark, while Parent, Freeman, Collins and Selbach follow closely behind. The champs have been hitting better than they have for some time, and there is scarcely a man on the team who hasn't bettered his average within the past week or two. The first four men in the list have made over 140 base hits. George Lachance still tops the bunch in fielding, having made only seven misplays this season, out of almost 2,000 chances.

FAST HORSES AT READVILLE TRACK TO-DAY

With the largest entry and the best released fields, Readville will open its gates to-day for the fifth meeting of the New England circuit chain of races. These began at Detroit the last week in July, and were followed by those at Buffalo, Empire City, Yonkers, Brighton Beach, Readville, Providence and Hartford.

A week which had been assigned to Syracuse was open, the York State town preferring to give its meeting earlier in the season, thus letting the circuit be open.

The directors of the New England Trotting Horse Breeders Association decided to utilize the track, the second meeting of the Grand Circuit at Readville for the season becomes a fixture.

The races are given on the old fashioned plan of a purse which is divided by the five. The freak ideas which have dulled the interest and enthusiasm of other meetings has been eliminated at the beautiful race track on the sunny side of the Blue Hills.

The purses are uniformly $1,000, and the entrance fee to name and start a horse was only 2½ per cent., with an extra 5 per cent. from winning horses. Owners and drivers are obliged to pay entrance at the gate. The deadhead system has received a blow at the hands of the N. E. T. H. B. A. The admission to the grounds, grand stands and quarter stretch is $1, with no further assessments. The management have struck a liberal gait, and are stepping without hopples.

First on the program for to-day is the 2.25 class for trotters, with fifteen entries. Five mile heats, with an extra 5 per cent. for those in front, with eight entries. Red Bird, Ambrosia and Cascade are mentioned first. The 2.20 class for pacers fools the card, and introduces Day Hook, Bert P. and Pieter Patron as the first choices in a field of ten.

HORSES AT TAUNTON FAIR

TAUNTON, Sept. 12.—The Bristol County Fair at Taunton, known as the "Taunton Fair," holds its annual agricultural fair and races September 27, 28, 29. The fair was incorporated seventy-five years ago, and its track is the fastest half mile course in the State. It has always been noted for the gathering of the fastest horses in New England and many good ones come here from the West. It should have a brilliant meeting as it precedes the Brockton Fair.

The speed programme is as follows:

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27.

2.40 class, trotting, purse $300.
2.22 class, pacing, purse $300.
2.15 class, pacing, purse $400.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.

2.24 class, trotting, purse $300.
2.18 class, trotting, purse $400.
2.14 class, trotting, purse $400.
Free-for-all pacing, purse $400.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29.

Colts, three-year-old, purse $300; heats two in three, half mile heats.
2.30 class, trotting, purse $400.
2.20 class, pacing, purse $400.
2.12 class, pacing, purse $400.

C. R. Borden is the special secretary, and the entries close Wednesday, September 21.

JEFF MAY BE A BONIFACE

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Finding it impossible to get on a match that could prove a drawing card, Jeffries has, for the temporarily abandoned trying, and it is possible that he will never be seen in action again.

According to a letter received in this city from Jeffries, the champion has decided to come to New York in the near future and engage in the hotel business.

BOUTS AT WEBSTER TO-NIGHT

WEBSTER, Sept. 12.—The Lakeside A. C., of Webster, will open the boxing season at Music Hall this evening. Three bouts between fast men will make up the programme. The bouts are as follows: Paul Lavigne vs. Charles Plaudie, six rounds, 130 pounds; John Powers vs. John Sheehan, eight rounds, 130 pounds; John Fahey, of North Worcester vs. Patsy McKenna, of Boston, ten rounds.

WALCOTT BESTED BY DAVE HOLLY

Special to the Boston American.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12.—That Joe Walcott, the Barbadoes Demon, whom many good judges of boxing thought could have defeated any man in the country outside of the top-notchers a few years ago, is not now at his best, was demonstrated at the National Athletic Club, when he was cleverly bested by Dave Holly, of this city.

In only one of the six rounds did Walcott have the better of the exchanging and then his margin was so slight that it is not hardly worth considering.

Walcott was willing enough, but both the gunbarrel and ankle were conspicuously lacking. All through the bout he showed a disposition to clinch, and once wrestled Holly to the floor. It was evident that Holly's body punches were worrying Walcott, and when in the fourth round one of them, a stinging left-hander landed full on his belt, he made a claim of foul.

Although Walcott was never in danger of being stopped, there never was a minute in the bout when he had Holly in trouble.

BETTORS GLAD TO LEAVE THE BAY

By Boston American Leased Wire.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACE TRACK, L. I., Sept. 12.—Including Saturday's results an average of 28 per cent. first choice winners won at Sheepshead Bay. Every player will welcome the change to Brighton Beach this afternoon from the hardest and most unpopular meeting in the circuit. Keen form players took decided aversion to the "chute" races at the Bay, and the general casual public can see no sport in a horse race in which it is impossible to determine the relative positions of the contestants until the field comes abreast of the observer half a furlong from the post.

It is impossible to get a line on the horses which are run out of the "chutes," and as a result the books hold a decided "edge" on the ground operators. This is different at Brighton Beach, where the horses are right under one nose. The players quite properly dread Brighton Beach, for here the public has an even break with the ring. The daily meeting was one continual harvest for the bettors, and it ought to be the same again during the session at hand.

As usual, President Engeman is doing the fair thing by the horsemen. The Brighton people will give more money, in comparison to the close of events run off, than any other association in the Metropolitan circuit.

A hang-up card is offered for the opening to-day, including the Prodigy stakes for two-year-olds. With a fast track and clear weather the best sort of running will be in order at the seashore course.

YALE'S LOSS ON GRIDIRON

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 12.—Yale will lose two of her star football men, Tackle Kinney, of the two years' veteran eleven, and Halfback Jack Cowley, who was halfback for two years. Kinney is in trouble in his studies, Cowley was kicked in the head in the Princeton game last year, and received such a severe injury to his skull that he will never be allowed to play again.

DICK AND FRED LEAD.

Cooley and Captain Tenney are still fighting for the leading batting honors of the Nationals. Fred has a slight advantage so far, as he has made four more hits than Dick. However, there is only a margin of one point between the pair. Jim Delehanty stands fourth, while Hartzy and Geier follow. There is another battle between Tenney and Cooley for the fielding medals. Cooley has two years' to his credit this season, and heads his boss by one point. Thus it is an even thing, with Cooley with a lead of one point in batting, while the other has the same advantage in fielding.

YOUNG'S AVERAGE POOREST.

Of the regular pitchers of the Champs, Jesse Tannehill has the best average, with twenty games won and ten lost. Winter, with five, has the best percentage, only two having played in any more than ten games. George has won seven games won and three lost to his credit. Young has been worked more than any other twirler of the staff. He has won twenty games out of thirty-five, and has poorest average.

MINOR LEAGUE SCHEDULES.

NEW ENGLAND.

Manchester at Lawrence (two games), Lowell at Haverhill (one game), Nashua at Fall River, Concord at New Bedford (two games).

EASTERN.

Providence at Newark, Baltimore at Jersey City, Buffalo at Toronto.

ED. GRANEY IS ON SICK LIST

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—Eddie Graney, the well-known referee and black smith, was very ill at his apartments at the California Hotel yesterday morning. His physician found that the patient was suffering from acute stomach trouble and a touch of pneumonia. He was immediately sent to St. Mary's Hospital, where a stomach pump operated successfully.

The patient registered 103 and at midnight Graney was resting obcely, but had fever, his pulse being 102.

ABE ATTELL HAS EASY GAME

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Abe Attel has been matched to fight Eddie Randall under the auspices of the South Side Athletic Club of St. Louis on September 21. The articles stipulate the boys weigh 124 pounds at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the contest.

FINE BOUTS AT BROCKTON

Biff goods aplenty will be on the programme when the boots take place at the Young Men's Social and Athletic Club of Brockton next Friday night, as the bill is well-filled with the shifty boys. Jimmy Tom Martin has been on the jump to match the proper talent, and will have a main event ready for the members that will be sure to please.

The selection is Tommy King of Fall River and Larry Connolly of South Boston, two husky lads who are willing to mix it at all stages. This kind of mit pushing is to the liking of the patrons of the game and the battle-royal bout will keep them rolling over with the merry feeling.

As the winner will be matched with Jack Lowery of New York, there is a chance for the pull out in the lead. The pair will go a ten-round journey for a decision. In the semi-final windup Fred Sidney, the colored whirlwind from this town, and Terry Martin of Natick will tie on the gloves. They are a pair of slingers who will go to the limit in this respect. Preceding these swell bouts will be six rounds of preliminaries to whet the appetite of the fans, the like of which have not been seen in the Shoe City before.

FRANKLIN A. A.

Success should follow the organization of the Franklin Athletic Association of Dorchester, as the members in authority are experienced. The officers are: President, W. Thomas Martin; vice-presidents, John Desmond and Harry Allen; treasurer, Frank Drayton; secretary, William Murphy; sergeant-at-arms, John McCarty.

WASHINGTON WASN'T IN IT

Boston won twenty out of the twenty-two games in their series with the Senators, which is the first finished. Both these victories of the tailenders were scored last week off Dinneen and Winter. Washington only made 40 runs against the 113 of the Champs in the series.

Boston succeeded in whitewashing the Senators in four games, while they followed the same team but one run in the same number of battles. In all of the other games the Champs had easy victories. Ten of the games were won in the Hub and the same number in Washington. Young won six games, Tannehill and Gibson four apiece, while Dineen and Winter both won three games and lost one.

STATE GOLF TOURNEY.

Open only to residents of Massachusetts who are members of clubs belonging to the Golf Association, the annual state championship tourney will be played on the Essex County Club links Oct. 5, 6, 7 and 8. All entries must be made through the secretary of each club, applicant is a member before September 22. The fee is $2. H. F. Freeman, No. 93 Commercial street, Boston, is the association secretary.

KRAMER'S NEW RECORDS.

NEWARK, Sept. 12.—That Frank Kramer is the leading cure of his speed as a biker was shown in the mile handicap at Valsburg, where he won from Bardgett, Bedell, Root and twenty-four others and established a new American record in 1:49 flat, clipping 1-5 of a second off the record made by Walthour, of America, who won in 1:23:18.

WALSH WANTS TO TRY AGAIN

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Andy Walsh, the Brooklyn middleweight who knocked out Kid Hubert, of Louisville, at the West End A. C., of St. Louis, two weeks ago, is out after bigger game. Walsh wants to get on a return match with Jack (Twin) Sullivan, the New England middleweight boxer, who lost him a few months ago at the same club. Walsh claims that lack of condition was the chief cause of Sullivan defeating him, and that he can reverse the decision if they meet again.

WALTHOUR IN FRONT.

BERLIN, Sept. 12.—In the international bike race of 100 kilometres Bobby Walthour, of America, won in 1:23:18.

MARATHON RUN NOT POPULAR

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 12.—James E. Sullivan, Chief of the Physical Culture Department of the World's Fair, says that there is a growing sentiment in favor of abolishing the Marathon race from the international Olympic games.

Mr. Sullivan said: "When the games are held at Rome in 1908 I do not think that the Marathon run will be included in the programme. I, personally, am opposed to it, and it is indefensible on any ground except as a historic event."

EASTERN LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Newark—First game, Providence 8, Newark 2; second game, Newark 7, Providence 4. (Second game called in sixth inning on account of darkness.)
At Montreal—Montreal 3, Rochester 2.

DR. COLLINS

New England's Leading Specialist. Treatment conscientious and successful. Graduate Harvard Medical College; 15 years a specialist.

MEN CURED TO STAY CURED

Spermatorrhoea quickly cured in 20 days. Lost manhood permanently restored in 30 days. Gleet radically cured in 5 days. Blood Poison cured in 30 days. No mercury used. Stricture cured in a few days. Kidney and bladder complaints may give future sufferings and even years to life. MY GUARANTEE—PAY ME WHEN I CURE YOU. No detention from business, no surgery, no nasty drugs. Call or write this day. Office hours 9 to 8. Sundays 10 to 4.

Medical Office, 41 Berwick Pl., off Columbus Ave. Near Hotel Plaza, Boston, Mass.

Graduate of the Royal University of Physicians and Surgeons, England; also of Paris and Queens College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ireland; surgeon in the Royal Navy; graduate New Zealand government medical institute, Ill.; graduate Detroit University Medical College; 15 years a specialist.

MEN CURED TO STAY CURED

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Dr. L. R. Williams
Office Hours 9 to 5. 6 Winter Street
Saturdays until 10 P. M. BOSTON
Sundays 10 to 2.

MEN I cure nervous weakness, lost manhood, impotency, blood poisons and all chronic private diseases of men. Call or write for free book. Hours 9 to 5. Sundays 10 to 1. DR. HERRICK, M. D., 39 Hollis st., room 9.

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VARICOCELE

I cure this disease without operation or loss of time, and guarantee a permanent cure in every instance. No fake remedies. The cure is simple, safe and painless. Call or write for free book. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1 only.

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NO PAY
UNLESS CURED

I have a new remedy for weak men which acts directly on the sexual organs, restoring lost manhood, nervousness, nervous debility, lack of energy, failing memory, varicocele, impotency, sexual weakness, all diseases of men without the use of drugs. Life is short, don't neglect yourself. COME IN AND HAVE A FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL TALK.

Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

Ella Wheeler Wilcox Says:

Disgrace Consists in Whatever Injures One's Own Character or Another's Life

JUST what do you consider disgrace, is asked. In what does it consist, and what, and whose laws must be violated, to produce disgrace?

To my thinking disgrace consists in whatever injures one's own character, lowers the standard of manhood or womanhood, arrests development, or injures another's life.

There is a legal and there is a moral disgrace.

It is a disgraceful act to live in a community where certain laws exist and to defy them.

And it is a disgrace to live according to those laws, when to do so means the crucifixion of the highest instincts and ideals.

The woman who elopes with another woman's husband, no matter how absorbing and ideal her love for him may be, disgraces herself, as does the wife who goes away with another man than her husband. There are tribes in Russia where such deeds are not disgraceful, but here they are.

The wife who continues to live in wedlock with a husband she abhors and to bear his children, disgraces her higher self. Society may smile upon her, yet she is morally tarnished.

A man who lives a life of comfort and luxury at the expense of others, and who rides in his carriage while he is unable to pay his grocer and milkman, disgraces his family and himself. There's a peculiarity ignoble disgrace in any money negligence or carelessness. It lacks the stronger phases, and the powerful elements, which sometimes characterize the disgrace resulting from emotions or passions, elevating them almost to martyrdom.

But however progressive and socialistic we are, and however we may condemn existing laws and conventions, we have no right to make our own private laws to overthrow and then outrage public opinion by defying them.

Time and law both set standards of conduct as well as God.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

A few hundred years ago a man who married To-day the polygamist is disgraced because our several wives was not disgraced. Even fifty years ago the polygamist thrived in our midst.

customs and laws forbid such marriages. The children of Solomon and David did not blush for the much married condition of their parents, but the children of Smith or Brown who are proved by modern detectives to be living bigamous lives, feel that disgrace has been brought upon the family. And it has.

The women of many foreign countries do not consider themselves guilty of a disgraceful act when they smoke in public places. The custom is universal, and is approved by the public mind. In any American town a woman who committed such an indiscretion would be disgraced in the eyes of her associates. She has lowered her standard of womanhood.

The naked African princess is not disgraced—but exposure of person is liveable in America.

The woman who becomes a mother without first becoming a wife has disgraced her name, because she has broken the laws of society-laws which were formulated to protect women and children. Yet if her child was love-created she has not been disgraced in God's sight. The wife who bears a child by a husband she hates disgraces her own soul, even though the world may give her its approval, and she receives a medal from the President of the United States for arresting race suicide.

The suicide of an ideal is a greater crime than race suicide.

The woman who sells her body, disgraces herself whether she passes through the church, to the air of the wedding march, or secretly enters the door of the rendezvous of questionable fame.

The man who commits theft and robbery disgraces himself, whether it is millions in Standard Oil, or dimes from a stranger's pocket.

I have known a family who feel "disgraced" because a daughter entered the world of workers and earned her livelihood by honest toil rather than marry a man she despises.

I have known people who were always in debt to tradesmen to feel disgraced because a son became an actor.

But such ideas of disgrace are hardly worth consideration by the Intelligent.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

By Lady Henry SOMERSET

SHE POINTS OUT THE ADVANTAGES OF TEACHING COOKING IN THE SCHOOLS

AMONG the common fallacies which are accepted as truth, none is greater than the belief that woman can keep house without special training, and that by virtue of her sex she is able to cook by intuition and manage the difficult arts of domestic economy by the light of nature, and that whereas education is needed for every other art, the problems involved in the ordinary affairs of family life can be solved without instruction.

To all who study the social conditions of the people, it has long been apparent that much of the misery, sickness and inebriety, which are common evils, is owing to dense ignorance on the art of keeping house, and to the mistaken idea that the details of family life can well be left to take care of themselves, that money is the only requisite for well-being, but that the outlay of the money is of secondary importance.

It is little wonder, therefore, that the wife of the workingman is tempted to leave her home and throw in her lot with the wage-earners, in order to supplement her husband's earnings, but if the economy of a workingman's household is minutely studied it will be found that the woman who really understands domestic art can make her time count as a money factor in household management; that her cleaning, sewing and cooking conduce so largely to the health and well-being of her family as to produce far better results than wages supplemented by her own labor, which too often result in a neglected home and a harvest of ill-health.

There is little actual gain to any family which loses a mother's care and a mother's time, and moreover how much money is often actually laid out by wage-earning women in paying an attendant to carry out the home duties which ought to be her pleasure, as well as her right?

No one enjoys performing any duty in life for which they have no aptitude and for which they are not trained, and as I look into the lives of the women of to-day I see most clearly that our education is defective, and that we make but futile efforts to train women for the vocation which, in all human probability, is destined to be theirs.

I have had occasion to study the lives of the young girls in large factories, and I find almost invariably that they go to work directly their school days are over; that from the time they enter the factory all domestic life ceases. They go to their labor early, they return late; cooking is an unknown art; the idea of home making is to them utterly foreign.

But from time to time, however, wage-earning girls are suddenly forced to undertake home duties. The mother dies, and the responsibility devolves on the eldest daughter. Such a girl was asked the other day how she managed. She was keeping house for her father and two brothers and a sister. What cooking did she do? "Oh, I never cook," she replied. "Father gives me the money, and I buy things already made—bread and fried fish and baked meat on Sundays. I don't do any cooking."

We search in vain for a remedy for a state of things which is undermining the vigor of the people, and the more we consider the problem the more certain we are that the answer must come from the schoolhouse.

It is true that cooking is taught in English board schools. I have often watched the orderly classes preparing food, busy in white aprons, deft of hand, clean and neat, the pride of their teachers. Why, therefore, is this instruction so soon forgotten, or apparently so useless in after life? The answer is that the whole system is very much too elaborate.

The ideal way of doing everything is aimed at, and the consequence is that the cooking learned in such classes is of little use in furnishing experience for the busy woman in a small tenement house with a hundred other duties to perform, without, very often, the required ingredients for the elaborate dishes she has learned and with few of the necessary utensils.

The working classes in France understand far better how profitably to lay out their money and the value of good food. How often we have watched the trim figures in short skirts, with clean caps and blue aprons, doing an hour's marketing in the poorer quarters of a French town. A few onions, some fresh lettuce, a handful of herbs, skimmed milk, a little salt butter; all this will go to make an excellent soup, with the long, bitter household bread near to the heart of the artisan's family.

The value of foods should be carefully taught, for then respect their strength and heat-giving properties, food necessary for various conditions of life for children, for the sick, for the adult in full work; household cleanliness, the value of fresh air, the right of every human being to demand pure water, with instruction in the simple tests by which good water may be verified.

All this should be a part of the curriculum of every school. Then homekeeping would be looked upon as an interesting occupation, because its art would have been studied and its value appreciated.

LADY HENRY SOMERSET.

HAZEL LINCOLN

To-day's Charming Candidate in the BOSTON AMERICAN'S Prettiest Baby Contest.

Advice to the LOVELORN

By Beatrice Fairfax

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

About six months ago I met a young man in a dancing hall, and he grew very fond of me. He has called twice a week, has shown me every attention, and I have grown to love him. Now, two months ago he told me he was a Catholic, and I am a Protestant. My folks have been so against the Catholic church that I put off telling them until now and the only thing they said was that I would love their love if I should marry the young man, though they both think a good deal of him and trust him well. Our last evening I told him I would be heart-broken, and said he would do anything for me but turn to my faith, and I think the same on my part. Now, please advise me what to do, as my thoughts have been on nothing but this for the past two months.

MABEL.

Somerville.

THERE is no particular reason why two of a different religion shouldn't marry, provided the question is settled once for all beforehand. It is apt to cause a great deal of unhappiness though, unless thoroughly discussed before marriage. If you cannot come to some understanding it is a great deal better for you both to try to forget each other right now. You can never be happy if you are going to continually disagree on the subject of religion.

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am wealthy and very beautiful. I have hosts of admirers, but of these there are only two whom I really care about. One is poor but is steadily rising, while the other is wealthy and in the same social position as I. I love both of them, but my people wish me to marry the wealthy one. He is able to give me a better time and spends much of his time with me. Now I think they both love me equally well and I cannot decide which I love the better, kindly advise in the BOSTON AMERICAN.

Boston. DOROTHY.

YOU cannot love both of them, and therefore make no promises to either until you can decide for yourself which one you do love.

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

Do you think a gentleman must love a young girl very much to ask permission to kiss her almost every time he leaves her?

Boston. PUZZLED.

IT is by no means to be considered a sign of love or respect when a young man wishes to kiss you. It is not proper for you to allow him to do so, and he generally knows it. You cannot be too careful when in the company of young men. They respect and admire the young lady who is modest and ladylike, and with whom they know they can take no liberties.

LETTERS From Woman's Page Readers

A HEARTY TRIBUTE THAT IS APPRECIATED

Editor Woman's Page:

I wish to say a few words about your interesting Home Magazine Page. I think that every reader throughout the country should read Mr. Hearst's excellent papers, and I know that by reading the fine articles printed there, they will profit. Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox's articles on religious faith and allegiance are, I think, great and can't be excelled.

I think that Miss Beatrice Fairfax is a good angel, guarding the young men and women who are unacquainted with good advice. Her articles are unequalled. I read every one that appears and take great comfort in them.

For many years I read the Providence papers, but after I had read the BOSTON AMERICAN I had no desire for any other. And I know that every person who reads one of Mr. Hearst's papers, and especially the strong editorials and the bright special articles on the magazine page will never buy any other paper from their newsboy. They will give up reading them, as they lead us in the path of truth.

Passaic, N. J. E. P. D.

ANY MORE OTHER KNIGHTS TO JOUST WITH MR. O'GALLAHER?

Editor Woman's Page:

On returning to Boston after a few weeks' absence, I find that two knights have already attacked my position on the "inferiority of women" question.

John T. Wilkins, of Charlestown, says I am mean because I hold that female suffrage will control wayward boys. Just let him prove that they can't.

Also I hold that Mother Nature never meant the female to control the male, and I think that the use of the will annuls. Does natural history not prove that in the beginning of the world Take the deer, the wild horse of the prairie, any animal you wish, and do we find the male subject to the herd? Read the frequent accounts of stampedes caused by herd leaders. Build statements never proved anything. Let us get down to facts.

Yes, Mr. Williams, I did think of my dear mother when I wrote my original statement, but I never write my every week statement to correspond with what I think mother would dear old lady. So there you are.

"Maiden in Blue" from New Hampshire also applauds Brother Williams' rebuke. He evidently one of the effeminate type so common nowadays.

STEPHEN O'GALLAHER.

Boston.

AN UNUSUAL VIEW

Editor Woman's Page:

I have just married woman just past my twenty-third birthday, and I would say I am a woman noted for my ability to make such a promise as not to marry again during the time I live. I have read both sides and did not love each other as they ought to.

I love my husband as much as any husband ever loved his husband, and he loves me just as much, and we are very happy. Now, if I died do you think I would want him to live alone all the rest of his life? I should say not. I've got another girl and she made him happy. Don't think that I am mean enough to go to the better place that I could love her better than my husband. HAPPY MRS. WALTER.

Monerief stared at his dupe in absolute bewilderment. He could not understand the young man's manner, and it never occurred to him that Guy had discovered the whole plot. He made up his mind that his victim had been drinking, so he merely smiled at Guy cheerfully, and put his glossy hat down on a small table with his gloves and stick.

(TO BE CONTINUED TO-MORROW.)

TRUE LOVE PREVENTS REMARRIAGE

Editor Woman's Page:

I have been reading every day the different opinions and think if I had to ask my opinion as to this promise I would not be very happily. It is my opinion that if one really loves his wife he could not marry again and the woman who deserves most credit is the one who, after her husband's death, remains a widow even if she has children to support. This seldom happens, but every man would be lucky and could be sure of a true love if he found such a wife.

MISS R. W.

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Boston American's Thrilling Story of Present Day Life in Boston

Synopsis of Preceding Chapters.

Esther Vassall, a poor girl supporting an invalid sister, is seduced by a strange woman, named Lilian, to consent to being secretly married for a large sum of money.

The ceremony takes place in a ruined church in a dense wood, on the estate called Athelney. On her return home she finds her sister and uncle both dead, the latter leaving her sole heir to a large fortune. On the morning of the funeral Esther discovers that Lilian is Guy's wife, Esther's lawyer takes her to visit her late uncle's estate, where she is to live. They are invited to lunch with Monerief Hall, and there Esther finds that Monerief's former partners, friends, long supposed returned to his old habits and arranges to borrow money from a bank which, being induced into thinking he is forcing the issue, refuses to advance it. Esther goes unwarned.

The shark puts the plunger on Esther's trail. Harold tells Esther of his love and asks her to marry him. She confesses her love for Guy, but says she cannot. Then Monerief's partners, who have been watching Esther, make themselves known. Esther determines to leave, whether or not she is legally married, and seeks Lilian at Athelney. She follows Lilian and is locked in. Esther finds Lilian dead, and the body of the man she married, sitting ruffianly in the hall. Esther returns home and finds Guy there. Guy tells Esther Monerief has been murdered. The latter's partners blame Guy for the crime. Guy tells Esther Monerief was murdered by Lilian's accomplice, Esther and Phelps, the minister, Guy's friend, are arrested for murder. Guy goes to Goldsmith's to arrange to repay the debt, and finds Goldsmith murdered.

CHAPTER XL. Continued

"You, also, Hocking," he cried. "Don't you see your chance? Your agreement is no lighter about murder-here, we will find it, and who shall prove it against you?"

"Don't speak so loud," said Hocking. "You must not be heard in the street. You, I see. We were fools not to think of it before. Do you know where these documents are kept?"

"I know where mine are." Epstone hesitated with his hand on the partition door. "They are in one of the drawers of his desk. Luckily he had it unlocked. But—" he pondered around rather pluntively at Guy.

"What's the matter?"

"I don't fancy the job—but it must be done."

"Of course it must, and sharply. Come along."

"We must have the drawers out and search them one by one, whispered Epstone; "let's carry them into the other room. Can you get them?"

He stood in the doorway unwilling to advance any further. Guy approached the desk, and with hands which were not trembling at all steady, drew out drawer after drawer.

Guy felt like a criminal. The task was a risky one, for if they were disturbed they would without doubt be suspected of the murder. Two men, both of whom had grudges against the master—filling a desk, and—who knows?—the murderer come to—

All this should be a part of the curriculum of every school. Then homekeeping would be looked upon as an interesting occupation, because its art would have been studied and its value appreciated.

LADY HENRY SOMERSET.

In a loud undertone. "I've not found mine yet. Perhaps it is in your set of drawers."

"It was in the top of the left-hand drawer —one of the two smaller ones," said Epstone, crossing to Guy. "I saw it there myself yesterday. Have you looked through them both?"

Guy nodded. "It isn't in either of them," he answered, his under lip falling in his disappointment. He began to search through the other set of drawers, but his quest was in vain.

"It isn't in any of them," he said at last. "Where can he have put it to?" He swore under his breath.

"We must put the drawers back," hastened Epstone at last. He evidently implored that Guy should do so.

"Do it yourself," replied Guy, roughly. His bitter disappointment had made him more than irritable. "I'm going to look through the desk in his room—and anything else I can find open."

"You won't find it, I tell you," cried the other. "For God's sake, lend me a hand." He lifted up one of the drawers and glanced nervously towards the next room. "What's that?" he whispered suddenly, lifting a scared face and raising his hand to enforce silence.

There was a step on the stair. The two men held their breath.

Whoever had come up the stairs halted just outside the door. After a moment the handle turned gently. Then followed a low and peculiar whistle. It seemed as if the man—if it were a man—had expected to find the door open. After a second the whistle was repeated.

Epstone laid his hand upon Guy's arm and his face indicated comprehension. There was a few moments' pause, and then the soft footfall was heard on the stairs once more. The unexpected visitor was retreating. The sound of a closing door was heard from below.

"It was one of his pals, you may bet," whispered Epstone. "He's accustomed to leave the front door open, and they come up the stairs. I've heard that whistle before—or something like it. We must go, Hocking, no more risks, for those things won't wait long before they set-gin, and if they find we have—and Goldsmith dead—he shouldn't be surprised—our lives won't be worth much to us."

Guy saw the reason of this. In silence he helped the money lender's jaded form to pull the drawers in the grooves from which they had come. He was forced to abandon his quest; for nothing he had run a great risk.

"You won't think of warning the police now?" asked Epstone, fearfully. "It would be sheer madness. We can get away quietly and no one will suspect that we have been here. It is easy to say that you came and found the door locked."

"Oh, be off, go," said Guy angrily as he pressed the last drawer back to its place and glanced around the room to make sure that nothing was left which might compromise him. "I'm just my luck that I've run into the danger for nothing."

"We'd better not go together," Hocking, or anyway not walk down the street together," he said at once. Of course, we will be quite silent as to this," added Epstone hastily, "and stand by each other whatever happens. I'm sorry you didn't find your papers—I am indeed—Infernality sorry. The door fastens with a catch—you don't want to slam it."

The next moment Epstone was gone, leaving Guy to his reflections.

"A pretty sort of coward!" growled Guy between his teeth, as in his turn he left the death chamber.

He closed the door and reached the street without accident. He walked slowly, his head bent low, in thought. He supposed then that he collided with a man proceeding rapidly in the other direction. They swore instantly, and then recognized each other.

"You, Hocking? I thought you were out of town."

"I returned this evening. I wanted to see Goldsmith. I've been to his office but the door is locked."

"Have you? I'm just going there." The detective took Guy's arm and forced him to turn back down the street. "Come with me. I've reason to believe that a certain individual I have been tracking may be there. I've traced him so far. Come along."

Guy could not refuse. Thus it happened that in the company of Swan and a couple of plain-clothes detectives he returned to the house where he knew that he would participate in the discovery of the murder.

They forced open the door. Swan gave no information of his motives to Hocking beyond a muttered explanation that it was necessary to make the search.

"Here's a dangerous fellow, and I think we shall rather him. If he will with this reminder that Swan assisted the other men to force an entrance.

"He's cooled, so're too late!" requested Swan. He hurried to the side of dead Goldsmith. "Yes, he's dead. And yes, I thought as much. Look here, Hocking—" He threw back the collar of the murdered man's coat, revealing the thick neck appeared strange finger marks, marks which seemed hardly human in their claw-like outline.

Chapter XII.

Revenge.

WHAT is this hellish mystery?" Guy Hocking spoke hoarsely to himself, putting his hands to his own throat as if to ward off an unseen foe.

At that instant the door of Guy's room opened softly and a man entered.

Guy started violently, then an expression of positive hatred came over his pale face as he recognized Monerief—Monerief, suave and debonair as ever, immaculately turned out, with the latest fad in a boutonniere in his buttonhole. His gray gloves fitted perfectly, and he carried a handsome cane. Guy noted the perfectly chased gold handle, even the way the man's mustache was curled; noticed everything with scorn and loathing.

"What the devil brings you here?" asked Guy. He made no effort to rise to his feet; he could do was to control the impulse that urged him to fly at the other's throat.

"Have you? I'm just going there." The detective took Guy's arm and forced him to turn back down the street. "Come with me. I've reason to believe that a certain individual I have been tracking may be there. I've traced him so far. Come along."

Guy could not refuse. Thus it happened that in the company of Swan and a couple of plain-clothes detectives he returned to the house where he knew that he would

NORTH SHORE INTERESTED IN TENNIS GAMES

Society Girl Announced Miss McGinley's Engagement Between Sets.

THAYER HOME IS QUIET

By Billie Beacon.

The youngest set at the North Shore have been much interested during the past few days in the private tennis tournament that Miss Naneen Mitchell is running at the Essex County Club courts. Miss Mitchell is quite a tennis enthusiast and can play a very clever game. There are a number in the same class with her, and the young people they put up a very clever article in the tennis line.

Speaking of these tennis tournaments reminds me of a bit of information that I learned yesterday. It seems that Miss Gertrude Childs, who announced Miss Jean McGinley's engagement to Edward S. Moore, is one of the players in this coterie. It was during an informal rest between the games that she told her friends of the engagement, or, in other words, announced it. Whether or not the two most interested were ready to have it announced or whether Miss Childs let the information slip out inadvertently is a question that is puzzling me. Such things have happened before, and I should not be at all surprised to learn that the announcement, if it could be called such, slipped out during an exchange of confidence. A tennis court seems to me rather a peculiar place to announce an engagement.

* * *

Owing to the death of Mrs. Paul Revere, 2d, mother of Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, and the illness of Mrs. Eugene V. R. Thayer, Sr., there will be very little gaiety at any of the Thayer homes this coming Winter. Boston society sympathizes deeply with the Thayers in the death of Mrs. Revere, and also in the illness of Mrs. Thayer, Sr. Young Mrs. Eugene Thayer, who has been ill, is much better and is able to be about. She and her husband left Newport recently and came to Boston to be with Mrs. Thayer, Sr.

* * *

There are a number of yachting enthusiasts at the North Shore this Summer who have been spending a deal of their time on the water. Foremost among them are the J. Parker Brewers, who are at present cruising with a party of friends on their yacht, the Velthra. The Henry Clay Pierces also belong in Mr. Brewer's class, for they have spent almost half of their Summer on board their yacht, the Yacoma. At present they are cruising on the coast of Maine and have with them as guests Mr. and Mrs. Eben Richards and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wentz of Big Stone Gap, W. Va. Mr. Pierce, it will be remembered, was one of the few Bostonians who went on the recent cruise of the New York Yacht Club.

* * *

We are soon to have Mr. and Mrs. William Endicott Dexter, the bride and groom, with us again, and I understand that they will be in town for the Winter festivities. They were in Paris, their wedding journey having led them abroad. Mrs. Dexter's brother, Thomas Lindsey, who has just been engaged to Miss Florence Field of Washington and Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. H. D. Burbeen has just returned to her Summer home at the North Shore from Cowes, Isle of Wight, Cowes and Lenox. She took in the recent gymkhana races at Ryde[illegible], and I understand that she has a pressing invitation to attend the Lenox Horse Show the 17th.

PRETTY FRITZI SCHEFF DIMPLES DENIAL OF CROWN PRINCE ROMANCE

IF YOU WERE THE CROWN PRINCE—WOULDN'T IT JAR YOU?

If you were the heir to the crown of Germany and had fallen in love with beautiful American girls like Gladys Deacon and Geraldine Farrar, had got promptly and lovingly on the portrait of your betrothed Princess, meanwhile nurturing in your heart a deep love for dainty Fritzi Scheff and the little chanteuse had denied knowing you——WOULDN'T IT JAR YOU.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—"Me! The Crown Prince of Germany in love with me! I never heard of anything so funny," said Fritzi Scheff vented her sense of humor in a good, hearty laugh. "I have known a bit of royalty in my time, but Prince Frederick William—no, no."

All this in view of the fact that the Empress has given Frederick William the alternative of marrying the Duchess Cecilia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin or giving up his succession to the throne. The Prince, naturally enough, decided to be sensible and will marry the Duchess.

In the past the Prince has been in many affairs, mostly with young American girls, but it is reported that among European beauties none had so fascinated the Prince as Miss. Scheff.

When seen in her apartment in the Annex to-day Miss. Sheff denied positively that the Prince had ever been in love with her.

"When I was singing in grand opera in Berlin he used to come very often. He was especially fond of 'Fra Diavlo,' and when I sang Nedda I was sure to find him in the royal box. He made eyes at me, too, and I liked it, but he never sent me presents—not even a rose.

"The Emperor must be very glad that the Prince has settled down," she continued. "He has been very unsteady. But Prince—in love with lots of people. When one loves one he must love no more. The Prince is too debonair.

"Now I am going automobiling and can not talk any longer, but will you please deny absolutely for me that the Prince ever cared for me." And she laughed again.

SAY ENGAGEMENT IS AFFAIR OF LOVE

BY MALCOLM CLARKE.

Special Cable to Boston American.

Copyright, 1904, by American Journal-Examiner.

BERLIN, Sept. 12.—The engagement of Crown Prince Wilhelm to Duchess Cecilia, the youngest sister of the Grand Duke Frederick Franz of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, has been announced in cards sent out in large number throughout Europe by the German Crown Prince. The cards are very plain and the inscription is as follows:

"Cecile and Wilhelm announce their engagement."

A prominent Berlin paper says it has information from a personal friend of the young Prince that he contemplated asking the hand of the young Duchess a year and a half ago, but his parents as well as the mother of the young Duchess, Grand Duchess Anastasia, considered the Prince and the Duchess were both too young.

It is believed the match between the two young people is a love affair pure and simple. Many are reminded of the words of the Kaiser some years ago that he would never ask any of his children to marry for purely state reasons.

The Berliner Tageblatt, however, says that there is no friendly feeling between the Prince and the Duchess and that the engagement was arranged for entirely diplomatic reasons.

BRIDE POISONED AT THE FEAST

Plumaine poisoning, which oils contracted at her wedding breakfast and which developed while she was on a train nearing Boston, brought Mrs. Henry J. Waters of Bridgeport, Conn., a bride of a few hours, near to death.

Mrs. Waters was unconscious when she was taken from the train at the South station. Physicians who were hurriedly summoned washed out her stomach and applied sedatives.

After resting several hours Mrs. Waters had recovered sufficiently to return to Bridgeport with her husband. They will resume their tour when her recovery has become complete.

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COOKS RESTAURANT, AVON ST.
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Delmonico Potatoes (or French Fried)
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Music Tonight in the HOTEL. 11 New Pieces Every Night. "The Firefly" Tolloni ... Herbert "Mr. Pickwick" ... Klein "Zamora" ... Lorraine "The Serenade" ... Herbert "The Gondolier" ... Powell "Rose Inn" ... Hirsch
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FRED R. HAMLIN'S Production of
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DAVID C. MONTGOMERY as the Tin Woodman and Original Famous Company
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Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
LAST WEEK OF THE SUCCESS
EVENINGS AT 8:15. MATS. WED. & SAT. 2.
THE MAINING SUCCESS!
EZRA KENDALL IN THE NEW HIT Weather Beaten Benson
Prices 1.50, 1.00, 75, 50, 25.
SEATS SELLING FOR NEXT WEEK.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
MATINEES, 20c, 30c, 50c.
David Belasco's Great Play,
THE HEART OF MARYLAND
Evenings at 8
Played by David Belasco's Co.
Prices, Orchestra, 50c., 75c., $1.00, Circle, 25c., 50c.
Matinees, Special Prices, Orchestra, 25c., 50c.
Next Week—"No Wedding Bells for Love."

HOWARD ATHENÆUM
TO-DAY
Our portion burlesque troupe in "Bluebeard," introducing the sensational dancer, Sata. Matinee and Evening Prices. Orchestra, 25c., 50c. Next Week—"The Rollicking Girls."

LABOR

News of the Unions

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL 96 BOSTON, MASS.

Contributions to this column should be addressed to the Labor Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN. The editor will be glad to receive and print brief reports of meetings, elections and social gatherings of general interest to union labor.

PRESIDENT Cornelius P. Shea of the International Union of Teamsters was tendered a reception in Dexter Hall yesterday by 1,000 coal teamsters and handlers. The most important business at the meeting that followed was the starting of a movement for a trade council of the coal hoisting engineers, coal teamsters, and coal handlers in order to prevent friction as to jurisdiction in trade matters.

The union appointed a committee of thirty to assist the bakers in inducing stores and restaurants to handle only union bread.

Daniel Driscoll, Daniel A. Proctor and M. F. McNulty were elected delegates to the Cambridge Central Labor Union.

TUBE WORKERS' APPEAL.

Every labor organization in the State is to-day in receipt of the following circular sent out by the Boston Central Labor Union:

"Fellow workers—Organized labor appeals to you to donate something to the tube workers of Somerville, who have been on strike for seventeen weeks. The profits of the corporation that employs these men are three times the amount invested, yet they refuse these men an increase of $1 a week.

"There are more than 500 men still out, with wives and children depending upon them. They can and will win this fight, if we do our duty. If each member will go into his or her pocket for ten cents this strike will be won. It is your money and sympathy that buys bread. If you have given, give again. Put yourself in their places. Comrades, give up a dime each. Send donations to Henry Abrahams, 11 Appleton street, Boston."

BILL POSTERS' DELEGATE.

Edward J. Curtin has been elected delegate to the national convention of the Bill Posters' Union by Local No. 17. The convention will open in Pittsburg December 5. The annual banquet of the union will be held in Paine Memorial Hall, Appleton street, in December. The committee appointed to arrange for the banquet is composed of the following: James Gammon, chairman; William Maher, Joseph W Yokes, Frank Donahue, John Burtier.

A collation was served at the conclusion of yesterday's meeting of the union. The speakers were John J. Moran of Pittsburg and T. J. Clifford of Chicago.

WATER WORKERS PROTEST.

The manner in which the contracts in the Water Works Department are being let by the Commissioner's Department is to be brought to the attention of the Central Labor Union, the State Branch of the American Federation of Labor at the annual convention to be held in Lynn, and to the national organization of the Water Department Union.

It is charged that the department is using men on night work for single pay, when the union agreement calls for a half day's pay extra.

The following resolutions have been adopted:

"Whereas, Boston Water Workers' Union, 6,365, has protested time and again to the water commissioner for his unfairness to organized labor, and

"Whereas, the commissioner has not yet corrected any of the grievances brought to his attention; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the union protests to His Honor the Mayor, setting forth the pernicioumess of the system of contracts instituted by the water commissioner in the department."

The union reindorsed the bakers' strike and elected Patrick F. Mullen delegate to the State Branch, A. F. of L.

LABOR NOTES.

This evening at No. 724 Washington street the semi-social election of officers of Carpet Upholsters' Union No. 88 will be held.

Boston Building Trades Council 1 has decided to take international action at their meeting to-night. Addresses were directed to yesterday to the strike of the Somerville tube workers and by J. R. Alline, sixth vice-president of the United Association of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitting Helpers. A communication was read from C. F. Edgar of the borough of Inner Belt relative to the incorporation of labor unions. It was referred to a committee.

Sand and Tip Cart Drivers' Union 191 held its largest meeting in years in Mechanics' Hall last night. It was addressed by International President Shea, President William Hartness of Truck Teamsters' Union 25, New England Organizer Frank Fall and President Michael Cudahy of Lumber and Box Teamsters and Handlers' Union 122.

Five new members have been admitted by Building Laborers' Union 6.

At the meeting of Engravers' Union 3 in Ellis Hall reports showed the union to be in a flourishing condition. It was decided to affiliate with the International Photoengravers' Union of North America. Ten new charters were added to the rolls.

Steam pumps was the subject of an address by President Arthur Hoddell of Engineers' Union 4 at the close of the meeting of Coal Hoisting Engineers' Union.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

United Cigar Stores Retail System means Absolute Protection against Substitution

Itch! Itch!! Itch!!!
Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!!
This is the condition of thousands of skin-tortured men, women, and children who may be instantly relieved and speedily cured by warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP and gentle applications of CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great Skin Cure.

GILBERT PARKER'S latest novel
"An exquisite romance"
With pictures in tint by the Kinneys
A Ladder of Swords
A tale of love, laughter and tears
By the Author of "The Right of Way"
HARPER AND BROTHERS - NEW YORK

9,000 Kilometres in Europe
By Bruno Lessing

Every motorist possesses the desire, and many the hope, of some day "Doing the Continent" in a motor car.

Bruno Lessing, in September MOTOR, writes in a most interesting manner of "9,000 Kilometres in Europe"—a tour which he accomplished the past summer, visiting France, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Holland and Belgium.

His journey may be just the one that suits your fancy—at any rate, it is well worth the reading.

The National Magazine of Motoring
MOTOR
September Issue—All News-Stands
Or Send 25c to MOTOR, 1789 Broadway, New York

LARGEST DAILY PAID CIRCULATION AND LARGEST SALES IN NEW ENGLAND

The Daily Average Circulation of HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN for the month of August was

229,035

A gain of 6,995 over its circulation for July. This is after deducting all papers used for exchanges, files, samples, free papers and excessive print.

F. H. VAN GELDER,
CIRCULATION MANAGER

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of September, A. D., 1904.
SAMUEL PUTNAM,
Notary Public.

EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

90 AND 92 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 12, 1904

What a Democratic President COULD Do

It Is Not True That a Republican Senate MUST Make Him Powerless Against the Trusts—A Reader Answered

Here's a letter from a reader—very much condensed. It filled ten pages originally:

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Why do you support Parker for President of the United States?

Is it simply because you manage a Democratic newspaper and think you must be regular?

Have you not declared over and over that the duty of the hour is to fight the trusts, and to fight them through the tariff which protects and fosters them?

Have you read Judge Parker's letter of acceptance?

He says that the trusts can be attacked chiefly through the tariff.

And then he says that as the tariff can only be got at with the consent of the Senate, and as the Senate is bound to be Republican for the next four years, the tariff cannot be touched.

He also says he would not consent to be renominated.

Consequently Judge Parker says he will be President for four years only; the Senate will be Republican all that time—AND NOTHING CAN BE DONE TO TRUSTS OR TARIFF WHILE HE IS PRESIDENT.

If that is so—and Judge Parker says it is so—what is the use of electing a Democratic President at all?

If things are to go on just as they are, why bother to change and stir things up for nothing?

DEMOCRATIC READER (Discouraged).

It is not a fact that a Democratic President COULD do nothing to the tariff or to the trusts through the tariff.

It IS true that the Senate will be Republican and pro-trust for the next four years.

And it is true that the President could not influence any legislation against trusts or a trust tariff if the Republican Senate stood RESOLUTELY in the way.

But there are plenty of things that a Democratic President could say and DO, once elected—and some of those things would interest the Republican Senate mightily.

He might get a few Republican Senators together quietly and talk to them like this:

Senators and Eminent Statesmen:

The chief among you—Aldrich—is the father-in-law of Rockefeller's son.

I am aware that he and many others of you are vitally interested in a great deal of legislation which you ingeniously slip through your legislative body.

I know that your distinguished membership has a vital interest in every piece of wholesale corporation rascality that goes on in this country.

I am going after all that rascality, and I am going to get at it.

I am going to have the right kind of Attorney-General—I'll keep changing him until I get the right kind—and he will have the right sort of assistants.

I was put here by the people of the United States—and I think more of their will than of Senatorial dignity.

The PEOPLE want the trusts curbed and the tariff changed to do away with trust-breeding.

I propose to see that THE PEOPLE HAVE WHAT THEY WANT.

I advise you polite gentlemen to be very careful how you use your places to defeat the people's will.

Of course, I stay and shall stay strictly within constitutional limits. But I'll try to show you that the Constitution contains a few clauses in favor of public honesty, and that it was not designed as an instrument to defeat the will of the majority.

I think I'll convince you of a fact recently overlooked—that the Constitution favors government by the PEOPLE—not by the trusts or by corrupt Senators.

My particular task as Executive is enforcement of the laws.

I'll try to interest you in the way I'll enforce the laws that declare trusts criminal organizations.

I advise you to go back to the Senate and regulate your votes according to the will of the people and NOT according to the interests of the corporations that send and keep you here.

If the Democratic President talked in that way to the Senators about March 5 he would interest them a little.

If his talk failed, he could DO a few things.

He could tie up a few of the trusts' criminal operations. He could use for the benefit of the people a few of those Federal injunctions that have been used so freely against labor unions.

Instead of being a servant of corporations like Grover Cleveland, he could represent the people and do their work through the courts, or, if necessary, through the army.

The Senate looks very big and bulky, and the corporations lean upon it with confidence.

But a genuinely Democratic President, with the people back of him, would make the trusts and their tame Senators look very small indeed.

Judge Parker or any other Democratic President could confine himself strictly to his constitutional authority and still DO THAT WORK FOR WHICH THE PEOPLE ELECTED HIM.

Our reader need not fear lack of power on the part of a President once elected. Let him talk clearly and forcibly on the part of the people and you will see things happen.

Jackson had no trouble about getting his way—when he was right. The great bank that he smashed was quite as powerful and as respectable as the Rockefeller-Morgan crowd, but Jackson smashed it. It went to pieces in fact at the sound of his voice—for there is nothing more cowardly than dishonest money. Thieves are cowards always, and the rich thief is most cowardly of all.

Put the right man in the White House and you will see results, in spite of all that any Republican Senate can do.

Little Editorials from the People

PLEASED WITH HIS CARTOON AWARD.

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Unexpected as it was, the award of an original drawing for my letter discussing the relative merits of the cartoons came as a great gratification, for which I hasten to thank the BOSTON AMERICAN and the Cartoon Editor.

The original framed drawing was safely received, and at present adorns my room. I still have my convictions—"Childe Harold" is the "goods." Reiterating my thanks, believe me your obedient servant,

C. SHERWOOD RICKER.

No. 87 Hammond street, Cambridge.

RATHER ROUGH ON THE LAWYER, ISN'T IT?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

"Does it pay to be honest?" is a subject that has been touched on by several writers of "Little Editorials." I should say that it depends wholly on the means of livelihood.

To the mechanic, clerk, salesman or other paid workman an unblemished reputation is very essential. To destroy his reputation is to close the door on all opportunity. To such people honesty is at least the best policy.

The business man who is dishonest does not suffer in the same degree. People who have dealings with such a man do not cut him. They watch him, trusting to superior smartness to come out ahead. In a measure he is looked up to. He is the fittest, the survivor in the business world. He has no scruples to retard his progress. He gets money, honestly if he can, but he gets it, and he is admired and sought for what he has got.

A politician with scruples can never win, and a lawyer with a conscience would do but a small business. There are no doubt exceptions to the rule. I have not heard of any in recent years. "J. R."

Everett.

It Has the Most Expensive Beds on Earth

MR. SILVERLINING BRIGHTSIDE

MR. SILVERLINING BRIGHTSIDE—Why, what is the matter, friend Lamb? You look blue.

MR. LAMB—I am blue. I just dropped twenty thousand in Wall street—every cent I had in the world.

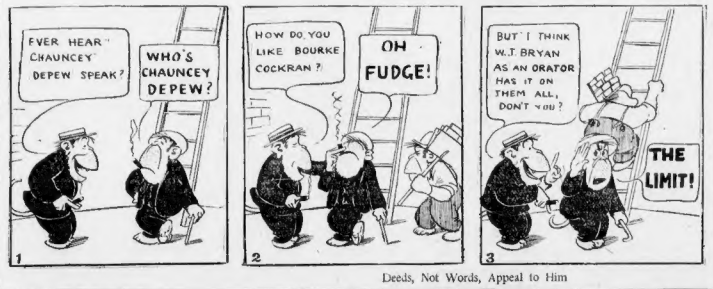
MR. SILVERLINING BRIGHTSIDE—Pooh, pooh! Brace up. Suppose you have lost everything. You still have your health, your family, your honor. You can't get it back by worrying over it.

MR. SILVERLINING BRIGHTSIDE—Do as I do with my troubles. Laugh them to scorn. Ha, ha, ha! Ho, ho, ho! Haw, haw, haw! Look on the bright side of everything is my motto. It might be worse.

MR. LAMB—Your right. There's poor Shearem & Squeezem, the bankers; they are hopelessly bankrupt and all funds gone.

Mr. SILVERLINING BRIGHTSIDE—Ye Gods! They're my bankers. Send for an ambulance.

KNOCKO THE MONK



Deeds, Not Words, Appeal to Him

LOVE AFFAIRS OF THE RIBBON COUNTER GIRL

By James Montague

SAY, whaja think? He's offended. I think I done perfectly proper, too. What was I going to do, down there at Revere all alone when—No'm, we have nothing as cheap as that at this counter. I'm afraid these goods is more than you'd wanta pay. See, I sold her a whole lot. That's the best way of sellin' them kind of women things—hurtin' their pride, you know. Well, the way I found out he was offended was this:

When he come past this morning on his way to his counter I says:

"I trust you didn't think I had tired of your company the other evening."

"Oh, no," he says. "I didn't notice that you was gone till I started home."

The nerve of him! When he'd took me down there and had escorted me around, for him to say he didn't notice I was gone. My, but I was mad. I says to myself: "If he's going to act cold and indifferent, I can be cold and indifferent, too." So I replies:

"Well, ain't that a quinedidence? I never missed you till this morning, when seein' you reminded me you was my escort." Wasn't that a stinger?

"Yes'm, we got them pompadour ribbons, but they come at rather high prices. Was you wanting something cheaper? Next counter. I didn't land her, did I? Sometimes you can't always do it.

So he's mad, and .. don't care a cent. He's an ugly old thing, anyway, in spits of them brown eyes, and I think he's too simpering to be good company, although them poetical allusions of his are certainly right out of the books.

Say, will you fix my hair ribbon? I ain't got no glass. He's comin' over this way. Nudge me if you see him lookin' up, so I can be looking the other way.

I'll wait on you in a minute, ma'am. I'm engaged in finding some ribbon for a mull order. Did he go past? Well, the smart Alack! He done it on purpose to make me feel bad, and I don't a bit. I guess there's plenty of fellows besides him. Humph! I could make up to the floorwalker if I wanted so, and I guess I will. Is Mr. Herkimer lookin' this way? Good! Now watch me.

Why, good morning, Mr. Brownson. That's a pretty carnation you've got in your buttonhole. Why, yes, thank you. I dearly love carnations. It's awful kind of you.

I wonder did he see that? I guess there can't be no fellow in this store make me jealous. It'll take a better looking man than that Herkimer to get offended at me and get away with it.

I'm sorry for the floorwalker, but we do have to hurt some feelin's in this world sometimes, don't we—specially when we have to get even. Goodby. I'll see you 'afternoon.

"I never missed you till this morning, when seein' you reminded me you was my escort."

"Why, yes, thank you. I dearly love carnations. It's awful kind of you."

The Bookshelves of Cornhill

By Harry B. Metcalf

COME for a moment away with me
From the city's rush and rear;
Get out of the surge of humanity
As it sweeps from door to door
And catch a breath of the olden time,
A glimpse of the past that will
Set soul and senses again in rhyme,
'Neath the bookshelves of Cornhill.

Let us greet the poets of long ago;
Old barristers, stern and just;
Historians grim, whom the Muses know;
Philosophers, gray with dust;
There's a touch of peace in their mute array,
An indescribable thrill
As we bow to the masters who hold sway
In the bookshelves of Cornhill.

In far distant fields in coming years
My lot it may be to tread,
Perchance there'll be joys to banish the tears
And fortune may smile o'erhead—
But where'er the future may write me down,
I'll ne'er be content until
Fate plions me back to old Boston town,
And the bookshelves of Cornhill.

More Little Editorials From the People

IS TOBACCO SMOKE A GERM DESTROYER?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

It's really amusing to read the editorials criticising the smoker, for the same are generally written by economists like our friend, "C. W. C." He is ignorant of the fact that tobacco smoke is a germ destroyer and more wholesome to the parties in the vicinity than to the smoker himself. There are but few of us but what have faults, and if smoking is your only one you are above criticism. "E. B. H."

Providence, R. I.

SCIENTIFIC EXPLANATION OF HAGGARD'S DREAM.

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN.

Haggard's spirit was temporarily out of his body during a part of his dream. Time has no existence to any disembodied spirit. This dream occurred after the dog's death; but when once Haggard came to the time passive place, during sleep, the love path between himself and the dog was opened, en being psychic and sensitive when passive he drew the conditions surrounding the dog's struggle which first depressed and then released him. Once released, he went back to meet the conditions and see for himself; and scuse the dog's thought.

All living things have souls; and so soul is immoral, all die; because all sin; but the spirit uses a human body as a house (or temple) cannot die. Its powers of leaving the body during life, conditions of leaving, ability to visit, see, hear, learn, and safely return, ought to be studied and research to that end should be endowed for the benefit of our race; Abraham and Paul were taken out of their body, also John the Revelator. The law is eternal, unchangeable, under which this phenomena can always occur. The law governing positive, passive, negative should be our starting point for research to solve these most important problems and get at the key to the mystery of life; which in this way I have reverently and humbly studied twenty years and made some progress.

FREDERICK C. HORTON.

Chicago, August 25, 1904.

HAS NEW PLAN FOR HANDLING LARGE CROWDS

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

You published recently a portion of a short article that I wrote relative to the then approaching G. A. R. parade. In the article referred to it was suggested that no adequate provision had been made to enable a man with wife and children to witness the parade with any satisfaction, and it was also suggested that the police protection afforded on occasions of this kind is not, as a whole, the kind needed.

Reports of the parade in the Boston papers and my own experience at the time, when, accompanied by my wife and two boys, I tried in vain at various points along the line of the parade to secure for them and for myself a glimpse of the marching hosts, fully confirm previous impressions.

If we are ever to obtain satisfactory results on such occasions we must have a radical change in our methods of handling crowds.

Now for the remedy. Have your bloc-coated ushers instructed to help the people to arrange themselves so that all can see. To the help of your blue-coated ushers add the greater part of the ambulance men, for their services will not then be needed to bear from the minute battlefield crushed and bleeding women. Kindly take up the management of street parades for your next lesson in practical civics.

Boston. C. W. C.

THINKS "E. Z." IS WITTY, IN A FUNNY, WITTY WAY

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

These are my views on the comic cartoons:

I think "E. Z. Mark" is witty,
In a funny, witty way;
But still it is a pity
He gets bumped every day.
Give "Mr. E. Z. Mark" the praise,
And let "Knocko the Monk" croak,
Because an expert with X-Rays
Couldn't see into that joke.

DAVID MAJOR.

No. 225 Huntington avenue, Providence.